Bellefonte Watchman Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1902. NO. 6.

CHRISTENED THE YACHT.

Miss Roosevelt Broke the Bottle of Wine on Side of the Meteor.

ILLUSTRIOUS ASSEMBLAGE PRESENT

The Affair Was a Most Notable One and There Was Much Enthusiasm Manifested, in Which Prince Henry Joined.

NAVAL MILITIA GOT RATTLED

NEW YORK, February 26.—The most important event in the itinerary of Prince Henry of Prussia, and that which primarily attracted him to our shores, occurred Tuesday. This was the lanching of the German Emperor's schooner-built yacht, Meteor III., which took the water at Shooters Island amid a striking scene of enthusiasm and in circumstances without parallel in the history of this country.

Rarely has a President of the United States attended a launching, and then only to see a warship glide from the ways into her native element. But the nation's Chief Executive, side by side with the brother of a powerful European sovereign, while the pleasure craft of the latter moved swiftly and gracefully into the waves, was a spectacle most unique.

In a drizzling rain, amid the roar of cannon, great cheering and waving of flags the Meteor was launched. The scene was one of animation and good humor, the cue for the latter spirit being taken from Prince Henry and Miss Roosevelt who, standing on the platform near the Meteor, engaged in lively convereation, laughing and joking with democratic unceremony.

Precisely at 10.39 Miss Roosevelt raised the bottle of Champagne, which had been encased in beautiful filigree, and which was suspended by a silver chain. Dashing the bottle against the side of the vessel with vigorous and effective hand, the wine breaking into spray, Miss Roosevelt said in English: "In the name of the German emperor, I christen thee, Meteor." Her voice was loud and clear, and could be distinctly heard on all the surrounding platform. Then she raised a silver ax and severed the rope holding the weight which kept the ship in the ways, and the vessel went gracefully into the water.

Simultaneously a cannon boomed and the noise of the gun was lost in that resulting from the roar of human voices aided by the Royal German band, the naval militia band and several bands on board the various vessels surrounding the island whose occupants were not privileged to land. Every hat was raised and then there was cheer after cheer for the president, the prince and Miss Roosevelt.

Later the Prince thanked Miss Roosevelt, on behalf of his imperial brother, and presented to her, as the Kaiser's gift, a magnificent bracelet, on which was mounted the portrait of the Emperor surrounded by a row of superb diamonds.

Prince Henry arrived at Jersey City from Washington at 6:40 o'clock Tuesday morning and immediately started for the scene of the launching by boat, while the President and Mrs. Roosevelt went by rail.

The arrangements for the launch of the Meteor were carried out practically to the letter, and not the suggestion of an impediment came between them and perfect achievement.

After the launch Prince Henry returned to West Thirty-fourth street pier and at 1 o'clock entertained President Roosevelt and other distinguished guests on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern.

At 3 o'clock the President and his party left for Washington and Prince Henry and his staff went by boat to the Battery, whence he was driven up Broadway to the City Hall. On his arrival he was greeted by Mayor Low and the Board of Aldermen and presented by the former with the freedom of the city.

After the ceremony the Prince returned to the yacht, being escorted up Broadway to Waverly place, to Fifth avenue and to Thirty-fourth street.

At 6:30 o'clock in the evening Prince Henry was the guest of Mayor Low at a dinner at the Metropolitan Club, and at 8 o'clock the royal visitor, accompanied by his suite, went to the Metropolitan opera house, where a special progam was gone through.

At 11 o'clock the Prince returned to the yacht Hohenzollern, where he passed the night.

—The first farmers' institute has just been organized in Hawaii.

WANAMAKER'S NEW STORE BUILDING.

Work on the Proposed Twelve-story Structure was Begun on Saturday—To cost $5,000,000.

Operations on the excavation for John Wanamaker's new twelve story store building was begun on last Saturday morning, according to a statement made by the Philadelphia Press. The new building will occupy the present site of the Wanamaker store and the business of the great store will continue during the process of the construction of its new quarters.

The new structure will be built in sections of about 100 by 300 feet each. One will be completed and ready for occupancy before another is begun. The building will be of fireproof construction throughout, but there will be several tower fire escapes.

Plans are being prepared for a structure twelve stories above ground and two below. The entire building will cover a space 250 by 450 feet, and it is estimated will cost about $5,000 000.

The plans for the exterior are being prepared in New York. Those for the interior are being drawn by Mr. Wanamaker's own force of draughtsmen.

Talking By Whistling.

There is a perfect whistling language used by the aborigines of the Canary Islands, and the people can communicate with each other over long distances. A stranger wandering over the islands is frequently surprised to hear from a hill top the sound of loud whistling, which is quickly repeated on the next hill, and so is carried from summit to summit, until it dies away in the distance.

But perhaps the most curious means of communication in the world is the drum language of an African tribe named as nearly as the world can be represented in our letters, Thang-Tu. These queer people can talk to each other with large drums made of bamboo hoops, over which the skin of some animal is stretched. The drum is used only on important occasions, as the meeting of war, of trial of some members of the tribe who have broken some of the complex religious rules. Then the head man of the village who is hidden behind a rough grass screen asks questions of the witnesses by tapping on the drum, and finally delivers judgment by giving either the three sharp bangs, which means death to the prisoner, or the one light tap, that means freedom

Now the House is Quarantined.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 25.—While twenty-five River Brethren were gathered together in the small two-story frame home of Simon Shumberger, Saturday evening, for the purpose of conducting a service of prayer, it was found that one of their number, Frank Stoner, aged 6 years, was suffering from small-pox.

Ten persons, two of whom are boarders at the Shumberger residence, had come into direct contact with the child and were immediately quarantined in the house.

—James M. Thomas, of Lewistown, one of the early settlers of Mifflin county died on Monday, aged 78 years.

—A canvass of the granges of the state shows that 311 out of a total of 320 favor Watres' candidacy for Governor.

—Former Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, Presly N. Guthrie, died at his home in Pittsburg, Monday morning.

—Peter B. Embich, of Myerstown recently found a unique egg in his chicken house. It was the size of a goose egg and when cracked it was found to contain a yolk and another complete egg of ordinary size.

—The mangled body of Richard Green, colored, of Mifflintown, was picked up along the Pennsylvania railroad near Paterson, Juniata county, coal wharf on Saturday night. It is supposed that he met his death in attempting to board a freight train, as marks in the snow show that he was dragged under the train for a distance of more than 200 yards.

—In February 1717 fell in Boston the greatest snow ever known in this country, or perhaps in any other. So deep was it that people stepped out of their chamber windows on snowshoes. With this fall of snow there was a terrible tempest; 1100 sheep, the property of one man, were found dead; one flock of a hundred on Fishers Island were found buried sixteen feet in the snow; two of them only were alive, they having subsisted on the wool of their companions twenty eight days after the storm.

—The National Council of Women, in session at Washington, adopted a memorial to Congress asking an annuity of $5,000 for Miss Clara Barton for her services for the Red Cross society.

RUN ON BANK.

Run Started on the Dime Saving Bank at Detroit, Mich.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE UNKNOWN

Supposed to Be the Result of a Polish Depositor Seeing Notice on the Door Saturday That it was Closed Because of a Holiday.

BANK DECLINES OFFERS OF HELP

DETROIT, Mich., February 25.—A run was started on Jefferson avenue branch of the Dime Saving bank about noon Monday and soon after 2 o'clock it spread to the bank itself at the corner of Griswold and Fort streets. Depositors were paid as fast as their accounts could be checked up and the currency counted out. At 3 o'clock, the regular hour for closing the bank, it was crowded with anxious depositors, and the line of people who wanted to close their accounts extended through the door and some distant down Fort street. Instead of closing the bank, the directors decided to hold open until 6 o'clock. It is impossible to learn what was the direct cause of the run. It is said that a Polish depositor of the Jefferson avenue branch saw a sign on the door Saturday, announcing that the bank was closed on account of it being Washington's Birthday and a legal holiday. He is said to have spread the report that the bank had closed, and thereby frightened the depositors at the branch. The news of the run then gradually spread down town and started the run on the bank itself.

Help was immediately offered by the other local banks. It was declined, however, the Dime bank having plenty of funds in their own vaults.

Evening Fun.

An amusing little game for a dull evening or to add to other forms of entertainment when planning a social affair is "scissored animals." Plain white paper scissors and pencils are the implements, and the guests are allowed a few minutes in which to cut out any animal they may choose from the paper, and add eyes, ears and other necessary decorations with the pencil.

But one trial is allowed, and there must be no preliminary sketching. The animal must be scissored right out of the paper.

Fortunately, however, for the sake of the hostess' reputation for sanity and politeness, each one is privileged to write the name of the animal represented. The result is usually the greatest show on earth.

Prizes may be offered, but it is not wise to give a booby prize. There is such an embarrassment of riches in this direction choice is too difficult.

The District Conference.

The district quarterly conference of the Church of Christ, which was in session in the Disciple church in Eagleville from Tuesday evening until Friday evening, was attended by a goodly number of delegates. And the sessions were interesting and instructive. The attendance at all the meetings was good. Tuesday evening was devoted to temperance and several of the visiting clergymen made short addresses. Wednesday evening Rev. A. R. Miller, of Lock Haven, delivered an eloquent sermon. Rev. M. S. Blair, of Big Run, Jefferson county, formerly pastor of this church, was greeted by a large congregation when he spoke Thursday evening. About ten visiting clergymen were in attendance,

Imperial Wreaths for Grant's Tomb.

Florists are busy on the two immense wreaths to be placed on Gen. Grant's grave by Prince Henry when he visits the Riverside sarcophagus. One will be from the prince himself, and the other from the kaiser. Both are being made in New York. They are of American beauties, lillies of the valley and purple orchids. The centers will be filled with floral crowns on which will be the date, "February 23, 1902," and the initials, "W. I. R."—William Imperiator Rex.

Achieved.

"Remember, young man," said the practical friend, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

TO HONOR PRINCE.

Estimated One Thousand Newspaper Men Will Attend Banquet.

Arrangements are being rapidly perfected for the banquet to the American press to be given on Feb. 26 at the Waldorf-Astoria by the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung in honor of Prince Henry of Prussia.

Herman Ridder, publisher of the Staats-Zeitung, who has charge of the banquet, states that he is daily in receipt of many acceptances of the invitation. He thinks that fully 1,000 guests from all parts of the country will be present.

The speakers and toasts are as follows:

Herman Ridder, of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, presiding.

"Welcome to Our Distinguished Guest," Herman Ridder; responded to by Prince Henry.

"The President of the United States and the German Emperor," Whitelaw Reid, New York Tribune.

"The Press, the Tie That Binds," St. Clair McKelway, Brooklyn Eagle.

"Saxon Blood—What We Owe to Germany in Literature, Art, Science and Music," Charles Emory Smith, Philadelphia Press.

"International Amity," Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic.

Advance Spring Fashion Notes.

The first early blouses made in wash materials for this spring are in pique, crash, drilling and the heavier cotton and linen fabrics, in white and colors.

A new material for blouses—new of course only for this purpose—is poplin. It comes in a lovely line of colorings, and with its rather heavy cords does not require much trimming beyond plaits.

The use of ribbon as a trimming and a garniture for all kinds of gowns seems to have taken a new lease of life, and it is introduced in one way or another upon countless gowns and bodices.

Homespun, which was so popular during the past season, will be much more worn this spring. It is a particularly nice material, being light in weight and shedding the dust easily, besides having most excellent "staying qualities." The new weaves show a glossiness of surface new in homespun.

For softness of tone the new colors have never been surpassed. Ecru, ranging from the palest biscuit shade, bids fair to be more fashionable than ever, which is high praise indeed. In cloth materials this coloring will make up into the smartest possible kind of tailor suits. Really, after black, there is nothing one can wear in so many different ways with so many kinds of blouses, hats, etc., as the varying shades of tan, ecru and biscuit.—Mrs. Rolston, in the March Ladies' Home Journal.

Yearly Embezzlements.

Press reports and dispatches during the year 1901, as collated by the Fidelity & Casualty company of New York, shows defalcations of the county during that year as having occurred under the following heads:

Federal and state, $682,970; municipal, $600,082; transportation companies, $81,249; benevolent associations, $318,864; building, savings and loan associations, $374,399; insurance companies, $43,382; court trusts, $928,128; banks, $1,665,109; commercial corporations and firms, $2,222,531, miscellaneous, $817,536; total for the year 1901, $7,734,250; ditto in 1900, $8,090,878.

Since the officers, agents and employes of insurance companies—fire, life, accident, etc.—are a small army and annually handle immense sums of money, they are certainly to be congratulated over the above showing.

Bereavement and Business.

The following curious advertisement is taken from a Spanish journal:

"This morning our Saviour summoned away the jeweler, Siebald Illmaga, from his shop to another and better world. The undersigned, his widow, will weep upon his tomb, as will also his two daughters, Hild and Emma, the former of whom is married, and the latter is open to an offer. The funeral will take place tomorrow. His disconsolate widow, Veronique Illmaga.

"P. S.—This bereavement will not interrupt our employment, which will be carried on as usual, only our place of business will be removed from 3 Lessi de Leinturies to 4 Rue de Missionaire, as our grasping landlord has raised the rent."—St. James Gazette

—The authorities of Aix-la-Chapelle, France, recently sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment a man who carelessly threw away a lighted match in a forest near that city, although no damage was caused by the act.

MISS STONE RELEASED.

She Arrived at Strumitza, Macedonia, Sunday Morning.

NO ONE PRESENT TO RECEIVE HER

Mme. Tsilka and Her Baby Released at the Same Time—Telegram Announcing Release Gave No Details.

THE CRIME A POLITICAL MATTER

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 24.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary who, with Mme. Tsilka, was captured by brigands in the district of Salonika, September 3 last, has been released and arrived at Strumitza, Macedonia, at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. Nobody was at Strumitza to meet Miss Stone, as the brigands had given no indication where they proposed to release the prisoners. Mme. Tsilka and her baby were released at the same time. They are all well. Miss Stone immediately made herself known to the authorities at Strumitza.

The first news of Miss Stone's release was contained in a telegram received by Mr. Dickinson, the American consul general at Constantinople, from the American vice consul at Salonika. The telegram gives no details of the release.

As Strumitza is near the Salonika Uskub railroad Miss Stone will proceed to Salonika without delay.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Spencer Eddy, first secretary of the United legation at Constantinople, who had charge of the negotiations for the release of Miss Ellen M Stone and Mme. Tsilka, arrived here Sunday on the Kronpring Wilhelm. In an interview he said the brigands captured an American rather than any other missionary because they believed the Americans had the most money and would be likely to pay the ransom.

"Did the brigands want the money for themselves?" Mr. Eddy was asked.

"No, they did not, and that is where the people in America do not understand this case. It is entirely a political matter and all the people in Macedonia are in sympathy with the kidnaping for they believe that it is a step toward freeing Macedonia from Turkish rule, and the money they demanded ($100,000) was intended for the Macedonian cause.

"I have five letters from Miss Stone written in Bulgaria so her captors could read them and they were master pieces of cleverness in diplomacy. Miss Stone is a very courageous woman."

"Won't Turkey attempt to punish the ring-leaders?"

"Turkey will have a problem on her hands if she does, for the Macedonians have risen up as one man in their determination to be freed from Turkey and this kidnaping of the two American missionaries may be called chapter 1 in their plan for liberty.

—John Waite, sporting man and ex-pugilist, committed suicide at Helena, Mont.

—W. M. Hall and Louis Plitka were killed by a blast in the West Colby mine at Bessemer, Mich.

—The Standard Oil company has bought 2,500 tons of hoop iron at Cologne, Germany, for export barrels.

—James R. Keene gave $10,000 for the relief of the New York poor who suffered by the storm of Monday.

—The forts on Great Diamond Island, Portland, Me., have been named in honor of the late President McKinley.

—The plant of the Louisville Bolt and Iron company, at Louisville, was damaged to the extent of $100,000 by fire.

—The De Windt party, making the overland trip from Paris to New York, have arrived at Yakutsk, East Siberia.

—The Maryland House of Delegates defeated by a tie vote the bill to prevent trusts from transacting business in that State.

—Just as soon as the exchange of ratifications of the treaty shall have taken place the United States will formally occupy the Danish West Indies.

—Louis B. Partridge, postmaster at Keneaw, Nebraska, shot himself dead when a post office inspector confronted him with a defalcation of $1,500 in his accounts.

—The authorities of Plymouth are enforcing compulsory vaccination, and Dr. Ashley is one of the physicians employed to do the work. Friday morning when he visited the house of a Hungarian, with the intention of vaccinating the family, he was thrown out by Mrs. Steffensky and badly injured. The woman was fined $5 and costs.

A Teacher "Called Down."

The disadvantages the social worker has to overcome in diffusing scientific knowledge among the less enlightened are well illustrated by an incident which recently happened in one of the East side settlements. After much difficulty and considerable explanation, a class in physiology had been started. The parents of the children who attended the settlement classes regarded the new class with considerable suspicion and doubt; But for some time, by skilful avoidance of dangerous grounds, the class work was carried on successfully. At last the functions of the stomach were considered. The day after the first lesson on the stomach one of the little girls brought a letter to the teacher. This letter, which bore the marks of labored and strenuous composition, was as follows:—

Dear Teacher: Pleas don't teach Lizen eny more about the stuffins of her stumick, it ain't necessary, besides it's rude.—New York "Tribune."

The Laird's Last Drink.

The remark of counsel in a will case the other day that there were two peculiarities about highlanders their great devotion to the national drink and their power of absorbing whiskey without apparently getting the worst for it, recalls the old story of how the laird of Garscadden took his last draft.

A considerable number of lairds had congregated in the clachan of law for the ostensible purpose of talking over some parish business. They talked well and drank still better, and one of them about the dawn of the morning, fixing his eye on Garscadden, remarked that he was "looking unco gash" (very ghastly).

Upon which the laird of Kilmardinny coolly replied: "He has been wi' his Maker these twa hours! I saw him step awe' but I didna like to disturb guid company!"—London Chronicle.

—Eggs are bringing 45 and 50 cents a dozen in New York. Pennsylvania supplies the bulk of the market.

—The word "mile" is derived from the Latin "mille," a thousand. A thousand paces of a marching soldier made the old Roman mile.

—Hatchet-faced persons are entitled to no special consideration on Washington's birthday, says "The Man Up a Tree" in the Pittsburg Gazette.

—Martin Dietrick, a well known citizen of Chest township, Cambria county, died of apoplexy Thursday morning. The deceased was born in Centre county in 1837.

—Saturday, April 26th, will be a big day in Jersey Shore—the celebration of the 83rd anniversary of Odd Fellowship in America.

—Railroad traffic generally was interfered with by the heavy snow fall and all trains in and out of Bellefonte today were running on an extremely irregular schedule.

—President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, in a conversation with a friend, stated that Oak Grove will be to the New York Central what Altoona is the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

—President McKinley's death occurred on the anniversary of the death of the Duke of Wellington, who died September 14, 1852, and also on the anniversary of the death of General Montcalm, who was killed September 14, 1759, at Quebec.

—While the house of Charles Mortar at Bernice, Clinton county, was on fire, that gentleman's 9 year-old child rushed into the house and grabbed a sleeping babe, which had been forgotten, from the cradle, and ran through flames and smoke with it to a place of safety.

—200 school teachers sailed from New York a few days ago on the transport McClellan bound for Manila. Most of them come from the Middle States and the South and West. It is expected that the McClellan will reach the Philippines during the second week in April. The voyage will be via Gibraltar and the Suez canal.

—If all the petroleum produced last year in the United States was put in standard barrels and the barrels placed in a row touching each other, the line would completely belt the earth. Enough coal was mined to give 3½ tons to every one of the 76,000,000 odd persons in the country and enough gold to give every American a gold dollar.

—At the coming United Evangelical conference; which will convene at Lock Haven, March 6, Bishop R. Dubbs, who has served in that capacity for eight years will retire. Under the law of the church, no bishop can serve more than two terms of four years each, and as Bishop Dubbs has been serving since 1894 he cannot serve any longer.

Additional Locals.

—Miss Cassie Derstine is quite ill with lung trouble.

—John Marks, of Philipsburg, has been granted a pension of $12 a month.

—Nothing cures a child's cough or croup in 10 minutes but Brazilian Balm.

—manufacturers have made up a lot of Prince Henry souvenirs and badges, and a few days will see them turned loose on a long suffering public.

—Every time you cough take 10 drops of Brazilian Balm. 50 doses 25c. It's magic.

—By actual count—according to the press reports—Miss Stone has been released just 21 times already. In her case it will be "to see is to believe."

—The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. C. M. Parrish.

—A benevolent society has been incorporated at Torrington, Conn., under the name of the Lieutuviszkos Draugystes Broliszkos Pagilbos, Varden-Sky Vincinto.

—Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attack of la grippe. It heals the lungs. C. M. Parrish.

—Most of the Russian caviar, supposed to be made of sturgeon's eggs, which is sold in this country as the imported article, comes from Mississippi River catfish.

—Brazilian Balm loosens the cough and cures the cold like magic. Then, it does not injure the ears or wreck the kidneys like quinine.

—S. M. Webber was unable to take his run as mail clerk on the Central railroad Wednesday owing to a very sore arm caused by vaccination. I. T. Hunter, of Mill Hall, took the run.

—Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. C. M. Parrish.

—There are more miles of horse-car lines in New York than in all other places in the country combined—119 to 107. In this respect at least the metropolis is still an Eighteenth Century town.

—Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. C. M. Parrish.

—According to a recent act of the Legislature any person having horses, cattle or swine to die from the effects of a mad dog's bite can recover from the county a sum not exceeding $100 for a horse or mule, $40 for a cow and $10 for a swine. This money is taken out of the dog tax fund.

—Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the developement of fatal disease if taken in time. C. M. Parrish.

—A convention in the interest of missions was held Thursday in the Reformed church at Hublersburg. Rev. W. J. Johnson, of Lock Haven, delivered an address on "Triumph of Missions" and Calvin Bower, Esq., of Bellefonte, addressed the convention on "Do Missions Pay?"

—Samuel Mansell, of Morrisdale Mines, died at his home at the latter place Monday of heart trouble and dropsy, aged 57 years. The deceased is survived by his wife and several grown up sons and daughters. The interment took place at Allport cemetery on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—G. H. McKensie, proprietor of the Wilt House, at Mill Hall was driving in a sleigh, on his way home from Rebersburg Thursday morning, and when about two and a half miles west of Loganton a tall, heavy set man suddenly appeared in the road and endeavored to stop McKensie's horse at the same time demanding money. McKensie struck the highwayman on the head with his whip knocking him down and then drove away.

—Capt. Jas. W. Muffly's lecture on the battle of "Spotsylvania" in the Court House Thursday night was thoroughly enjoyed by a good audience. Captain Muffly's story and discription of the famous battle, and attending incidents, shows a careful and painstaking study and his work therefore, cannot but be extremely interesting. Major General John R. Brooke and General James A. Beaver, who were regimental and brigade commanders in the "Spotsylvania" fight were interested listeners to the captain's story.

—A man talks about owning his business. But, as a matter of fact his business owns him. His whole life is regulated by the demands of the business. The time at which he rises, his breakfast hour, the time given to meals, are determined by business obligations. He rushes through lunch because he "can't spare the time from business" to eat leisurely. He won't take a rest because he is needed at the store or office. He is in fact an absolute slave to business. The results which follow this slavery are to be seen on every hand. Men dyspeptic, irritable nervous, with drawn faces, and hollow eyes, sit at the desk, or stand behind the counter until they collapse in a fit of sickness, or are taken away by heart failure. Those who cannot escape the exactions of business will find a friend in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the stomach, increases the action of blood-making glands, increasing the vitality and physical vigor. It makes men strong and prevents those business break downs which so often terminate fatally.

MILLHEIM NEWS.

W. E. Nevitt, hardware salesman of Everett, was in town one day last week.

E. K. Hess, of Williamsport, interviewed the merchants here a day or two ago.

R. A. Park of Ridgway, drug salesman, was here a day or two, soliciting orders.

The public sale of the personal property of the late W. K. Alexander was largely attended last Saturday, W. F. Smith was the auctioneer.

Sleighing parties are quite numerous at present, nearly every night sled loads go somewhere, and do not get back until the we sma' hours.

The horse sale of Gentzel & Beezer, last week was largely attended, the following persons bought horses: E. D. Royer 2, J. E. Royer 2, Foster Jodon 2, H. B. Hauck 1, M. S. Feidler 1, L. H. Stover 1, D. M. Musser 1, Thomas Beaver 3, J. H. McCool 1, Harvey Wise 1, D. J. Treesler 1, Stewart Keen 1, J. B. Gentzel 1, and H. A. Knopf 1. Average price $127, W. F. Smith Auctioneer.

Ice houses in town are all filled and plenty of ice yet to spare.

A child of Harry Meyer, about one year old, was buried last Saturday. Interment at Meyer's church in Penn township, Rev. Brown of the Reformed church of Aaronsburg officiated.

Quite a number of veterans of the 148th, P. V. of this section were in attendance at the reunion of that Regiment this week at Bellefonte.

At the drawing, for the water set the other evening by the Standard Concert Co., E. C. Winter, was the lucky one.

The concerts given by the Standard Concert Co., has been largely attended every night, and the satisfaction given, has induced them to continue another week. Baby Madaline is still the favorite. The piano specialties by Prof. Frank Rainboth are well worth the price of admission. He plays blindfolded, and also with the keys covered with a cloth. The imitations of a country band who only know one tune, and are called to play at a garden party, then an Irishman's parade, a soldiers funeral, a lady playing the same on an organ, all of a humorous character playing Fisher's Hornpipe and Yankee Doodle at the same time, two banjo's, fife and drum corps, and the bugle calls. On last Saturday night, the Hall was filled to suffocation. Mr. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Henly in their coon songs, dances, farces and specialties, are all up to date.

Favorite Nearly Everywhere.

Constipation means dullness, depression, headache, generally disordered health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers stimulate the liver, open the bowels and relieve this condition. Safe, speedy and thorough. They never gripe. Favorite pills. C. M. Parrish.

Where Smallpox is Expensive.

Pittston representatives state that they are spending about $250 a day caring for smallpox patients and preventing the spread of the disease.

The city of Wilkesbarre is spending $65 per day, and Plymouth is spending $300 per day. It cost Wilkesbarre last month $1,900 to enforce the quarantine measure adopted by the sanitary committee.

The Last Heard of It.

"My little boy took the croup one night and soon grew so bad you could hear him breathe all over the house," says F. D. Reynolds, Mansfield, O. "We feared he would die, but a few doses of One Minute Cough Cure quickly relieved him and he went to sleep. That's the last we heard of the croup. Now isn't a cough cure like that valuable?" One Minute Cough Cure is absolutely safe and acts immediately. For coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis and all other throat and lung troubles it is a certain cure. Very pleasant to take. The little ones like it. C. M. Parrish.

Student Dies at State College.

Roy Walker Wright, aged 20 years, a student of the Freshman class at Pennsylvania State College, died Saturday morning at 7 o'clock from an attack of measles. He was apparently very well on Friday as he attended all his classes. Late the same evening he took very sick, a physician was called in and he pronounced the case measles. He grew gradually worse and his death resulted at the above mentioned time.

Wright, although a Freshman in the College, was well liked by all who knew him and his sudden death has cast a gloom of sadness throughout the entire community. His parents live in Johnstown, where his remains were taken Sunday afternoon for interment.

Too Many People Daily with Catarrh.

It strikes one like a thunder-clap, develope with a rapidity that no other disease does. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the radical, quick, safe, pleasant cure that the disease demands. Use the means, prevent the deep-seating and years of distress. Don't dally with catarrh. "Agnew's gives relief in the minutes. 50 cents.—49

Sold by F. P. Green.

The State convention of the Prohibition party will be held May 22 at either New Castle or Williamsport as designated by the State chairman. Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow is prominently mentioned as a candidate for Governor.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, —but because they *must*.

They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

Death of C. H. Murray at Centre Hall

Christopher H. Murray, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Murray, of Centre Hall, died at an early hour Saturday morning at his parents home of tuberculosis. He was about thirty-five years of age. In addition to his parents, two sisters and a young wife survive him.

Mr. Murray has been in failing health for some time and until about a year ago had been residing in Colorado where he expected to receive health benefits. He was a graduate of Princeton University and was exceptionally talented. For several years he resided in Bellefonte where he studied law with Beaver & Dale. He was a successful journalist and filled acceptably several important assignments on leading New York and Philadelphia papers. His remains were taken to Reading on Monday where interment was made.

Pill-Age.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents a vial, are planned after the most modern in medical science. They are as great an improvement over the 50 years old strong dose pill formulas as a bicycle is over an ox cart in travel. They never gripe and they never fail. 40 doses, 10 cents, or 100 doses 25 cents.—63

Sold by F. P. Green.

Married at Boalsburg.

Matthew Woods Goheen and Miss Mary S. Hosterman, both of Boalsburg, were married at the home of the bride's father, Adam Hosterman, at noon Wednesday. Only a few immediate relatives witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. A. A. Black of Boalsburg Reformed church.

The young couple will move to the farm of Wm. Goheen, father of the groom, near Boalsburg, in the spring, and take charge of the same. The senior Goheen will become a resident of Boalsburg.

Clerk's Wise Suggestion.

"I have lately been much troubled with dyspepsia, belching and sour stomach," writes M. S. Mead, leading pharmacist of Attleboro, Mass. "I could eat hardly anything without suffering several hours. My clerk suggested I try Kodol Dyspepsia Cure which I did with most happy results. I have had no more trouble and when one can go to eating mince pie, cheese, candy and nuts after such a time, their digestion must be pretty good. I endorse Kodol Dyspepsia Cure heartily. "You don't have to diet. Eat all the good food you want but don't overload the stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests your food. C. M. Parrish.

Next Star Course Attraction.

The seventh entertainment in the Star Course will be Marion Wilson and the Marshall Sisters. The former presents costumed impersonations and the latter a musical team. Their work is highly indorsed by the press. They will appear in the Court House next *Friday evening, February 28th.* The price of admission will be 35 cents with an additional charge of 15 cents for reserved seats. Mr. Hall, of the Racket store, has the sale of tickets.

Saved Her Child's Life.

"In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by pneumonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medicine saved his life." Millions know its the only sure cure for coughs, colds and all lung diseases. Green's Pharmacy guarantees satisfaction. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Working in London.

A friend has received from Rev. Leonard Weaver an extended report of his tent campaign work in and about the city of London, England. There were nine tents in use, occupying 32 positions at various dates, at a cost of nearly $20,000. Among the speakers the name of J. W. Vandeventer appears and among the singers is the well known name of W. S. Weeden. The work of 1902 bids fair to exceed former years.

Catarrhal Headaches.

That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. 50 cents.—61

Sold by F. P. Green.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

C. M. Parrish.

POPPING THE QUESTION.

Curious Methods That Prevail In Some Foreign Countries.

In this favored land of the free every lovelorn swain has his own way of making love and popping the question, but in some foreign countries the peasantry has peculiar and traditionary ways of performing those pleasing functions. Among Hungarian gypsies cakes are used as love letters. Inside the cake is a coin, which is baked in it. The cake is flung to the favored object of one's affections. The retention of the cake signifies acceptance, but if it is flung back with force it signifies rejection.

The Japanese lover wishing to make known the state of his feelings throws a bunch of pale plum flower buds into his loved one's litter as she enters it to go to a friend's wedding. If she tosses the blossoms lightly out, the suitor knows that he is rejected, but if she fastens them to her girdle it is "Oh, happiness!" with him.

In some parts of Spain the young peasant looks unutterable things, but never tries to speak until he has been accepted. The girl neither looks nor speaks, but she sees. Late in the cool of the evening the youth knocks at her father's door and asks for a gourd of water. It is of course given to him. Then comes the crisis. If he is invited to take a chair within the porch or a seat in the garden, he is an accepted suitor, but if this civility is not extended to him he goes away knowing that he is rejected. If he is accepted, there is a general celebration by the family of the bride to be in honor of her betrothal.

When the Eskimo goes a-wooing, he walks to the house of his loved one's parents and, seizing the object of his affections by her long, strong hair or her furs, carries her away to his hut of snow or tent of skins. No matter how much the girl may reciprocate her suitor's affections, she always makes a show of resistance and tries to run away from him, this for the sake of preserving the conventionalities of Eskimo society.

AN ANECDOTE OF WHITMAN.

How the Poet Was Trying to Cheer Up a Friendless Boy.

One day I was stopped on Washington street, says J. T. Trowbridge in The Atlantic, by a friend who made this startling announcement: "Walt Whitman is in town. I have just seen him!" When I asked where, he replied: "At the stereotype foundry, just around the corner. Come along. I'll take you to him." The author of "Leaves of Grass" had loomed so large in my imagination as to seem almost superhuman, and I was filled with some such feeling of wonder and astonishment as if I had been invited to meet Socrates or King Solomon.

We found a large, gray haired and gray bearded, plainly dressed man, reading proof sheets at a desk in a little dingy office, with a lank, unwholesome looking lad at his elbow listlessly watching him. The man was Whitman, and the proofs were those of his new edition. There was a scarcity of chairs, and Whitman, rising to receive us, offered me his, but we all remained standing except the sickly looking lad, who kept his seat until Whitman turned to him and said: "You'd better go now. I'll see you this evening." After he had gone out Whitman explained: "He is a friendless boy I found at my boarding place. I am trying to cheer him up and strengthen him with my magnetism," a practical but curiously prosaic illustration of these powerful lines in the early poems:

To any one dying thither I speed and
twist the knob of the door.
* * * * * * *
I seize the descending man; I raise him
with resistless will.
* * * * * * *
Every room of the house do I fill with an
armed force, lovers of one, bafflers
of graves.

Points About a Good Horse.

There are some points which are valuable in horses of every description. The head should be proportionately large and well set on. The lower jawbones should be sufficiently far apart to enable the head to form an angle with the neck, which gives it free motion and a graceful carriage and prevents it bearing too heavily on the hand. The eye should be large, a little prominent and the eyelid fine and thin. The ear should be small and erect and quick in motion. The lop ear indicates dullness and stubbornness. When too far back, there is a disposition to mischief.

A Curious Boat.

According to a Chinese legend, there lived in Canton 200 years before Christ an artist named Lim Kao Poung, who won an immortal reputation owing to the fact that he was able to fashion out of a bean pod a boat, complete with rudder, sails, mast and all other necessary appurtenances. Moreover, on the exterior of the boat were engraved various maxims by Confucius. For this masterpiece, it is said, the Emperor Tsi Fou paid him 1,000 taels.

A Question of Pride.

"She thinks she is entitled to a divorce, but she won't seek it."

"Religious scruples, I suppose?"

"No; family pride."

"How is that?"

"She's afraid it would make a genealogical tangle that would destroy the value of the family tree for future generations."—Chicago Post.

—Carrie Nation had a hatchet and used it, too, but no one celebrates her birthday.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

WARTS AND WEEDS.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WISHING AND WORKING.

It is popularly believed that warts can be wished away. But the farmer who sat down and tried to clear his field by wishing the weeds away would soon find his crops gone. It takes working to get rid of weeds, and the man with the hoe must put in many a long day before he can take a well earned rest.

It is a singular fact that a great many people treat certain forms of disease as warts are said to be treated—by wishing. This is especially so in the case of

coughs. "I wish this cough didn't bother me so," they say. "I wish my cough didn't keep me awake so much," and so on. It never seems to occur to them that it takes active measures to get rid of a cough; that a cough is like a weed, growing right along, and the longer it grows the deeper it strikes its roots.

If a man heard the alarm of a rattlesnake near by he'd jump aside at once to avoid the attack and then seek to find and destroy the dangerous reptile. The cough is a danger alarm as much more significant than the rattle of the snake as the disease it heralds is more dangerous than the snake bite.

FEW PEOPLE ARE KILLED

by snake bites each year. Consumption slays its thousands and tens of thousands annually and it is the fatality of consumption which makes the cough that heralds it a danger signal to be promptly heeded. Don't wish the cough would stop. Stop it!

"I had long been a sufferer from chronic catarrh of the head," says Chas. T. Stone, Esq., of Whitford, Chester Co., Pa. "About last May it developed into a very disagreeable and hacking cough, with soreness and fullness of the chest. Doctors here pronounced it bronchitis. I tried several doctors and took different remedies without receiving any benefit whatever. I then consulted Dr. R. V. Pierce, in reference to my case. The first bottle of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' stopped the cough. I used several bottles, with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and have since had no symptom of a return of the cough."

"Last spring I had a severe attack of pneumonia which left me with a very bad cough, and also left my lungs in a very bad condition," writes John M. Russell, Esq., of Brent, Cherokee Nat., Ind. Ter. "I had no appetite and was so weak I could scarcely walk. My breast was all sore with running sores. I got two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which I believe saved my life. I cannot express my gratitude to you. I am able now to do very good work."

The surest way to stop a cough is to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures obstinate and deep-seated coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs and other diseases of the organs of respiration, which if neglected or unskilfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption. In hundreds of cases a cure has been effected by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" after all other means and medicines had failed to benefit and doctors had said, "There is no hope."

DON'T GIVE UP HOPE.

Let every one who suffers from respiratory and pulmonary diseases cherish hope until Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been given a fair and faithful trial. It always helps. It almost always cures. Ninety-eight per cent. of those who use "Golden Medical Discovery" find in it a perfect and permanent cure. Even the two per cent. acknowledge benefit and help from the use of the medicine.

"I want to say a word in favor of your grand medicine," writes Mrs. Priscilla Smail, of Leechburg, Armstrong County, Pa. "About three years ago I was taken with a bad cough; had night-sweats; would take coughing spells and have to sit up in bed at night for an hour at a time. When I would walk up hill I could hardly breathe; would get all stopped up in my throat. I did not try any doctor but I saw the advertisement of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and decided to try it. I took three bottles which cured me. Whenever people tell me they are sick I say to them, 'Why don't you get Dr. Pierce's medicine? It cured me and will cure others.'"

A GREAT FREE OFFER.

Persons suffering from chronic forms of disease are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All letters are held as private and their contents guarded by the same strict professional privacy observed by Dr. Pierce in personal consultations at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

This offer is not to be confounded with those offers of "free medical advice," which are made without any evidence of medical qualification or professional standing. For more than thirty years Dr. Pierce, as chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., assisted by his medical staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured many thousands of men and women who had been given up by friends and physicians as incurable.

Dr. Pierce's success has been founded on the fact that he cures so-called "incurables." There are thousands of men and women to-day, living in the enjoyment of perfect health, who bless the day when they wrote the first letter to Dr. Pierce. Who can wonder that these people are enthusiastic over Dr. Pierce's medicines and advice? Write to Dr. Pierce. It may be to you as it has been to many others—the first step to health.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. It is a true body-building, flesh-forming, strength-giving medicine.

Sometimes a dealer tempted by the little more profit paid by less meritorious preparations, attempts to sell a substitute medicine as "just as good" as Dr. Pierce's. The only way in which to get the cure you seek is to insist upon the medicine which cured others, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

A GOLD MINE FOR 21 CENTS.

Who wouldn't jump at such a chance? Yet "wisdom is better than gold," and that mine of wisdom, Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages (in paper-covers), is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. For the cloth-bound volume send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Table Talk.

Table Talk, Philadelphia, is always the friend of the housewife with its helpful suggestions on what to eat and how to prepare it. The ever recurring meal time, three times a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, all the years of one's life, presents one of the most monotonous and perplexing problems to the housekeeper. Yet, people must eat. Table Talk brings with it each month so many new and attractive ideas in this direction, that the preparation of the daily meals may easily become a pleasure instead of a burden.

Table Talk is full of interesting articles relating to household management and domestic topics. The February number has an article entitled "A Winter Scene on a Southern Plantation." It vividly describes a hog-killing time on one of those large plantation where the help is colored. It is amusing and interesting. Many other excellent articles are in this number, which will be sent you for ten cents, and preceding numbers sent free on request.

—John L. Burley, who was foreman of the Pennsylvania railroad company's cabinet shop in Altoona for thirty-seven years, and who was retired February 1, on account of having reached 70 years, the age limit, died Thursday evening. When he became foremen of the cabinet shop four men constituted the force. Two hundred and fifty men are now employed in that department.

A Thousand Dollars Thrown Away.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks be to this great remedy it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it. C. M. Parrish

NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

A New Old Paper.

For sixty years the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE has been a national weekly newspaper, read almost entirely by farmers, and has enjoyed the confidence and support of the American people to a degree never attained by any similar publication.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

is made absolutely for farmers and their families. The first number was issued November 7th, 1901.

Every department of agricultural industry is covered by special contributors who are leaders in their respective lines, and the TRIBUNE FARMER will be in every sense a high class, up to date, live, enterprising agricultural paper, profusely illustrated with pictures of live stock, model farm buildings and homes, agricultural machinery, etc.

Farmers' wives, sons and daughters will find special pages for their entertainment.

Regular price $1.00 per year but you can buy it with your favorite home weekly newspaper. THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, one year for $1.50.

Send your subscriptions and money to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Send your name and address to the NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER, New York City, and a free sample copy will be mailed to you.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Mrs. Soffle Must Have Hearing Before Her Case goes to Grand Jury

SHE MAY ESCAPE IMPRISONMENT

Millionaire Remembers the Man Who was Civil to him in His Will—Christian Religion led Victim to Denounce Medicine Man.

INDIANS BURIED BOY ALIVE

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.—District Attorney Haymaker announced Wednesday that the effort made by Mrs. Soffel's friends to have her admitted to bail for her appearance before the grand jury, without the formality of appearing at a preliminary hearing, would not be successful. He said she will be arraigned as soon as she is able to be brought from Butler, which, he believes, will be within a week. The impression here is that Mrs. Soffel will be given no more than a perfunctory trial and will never be imprisoned.

Haymaker does not believe there was any accomplice in the case of the Biddles other than Mrs. Soffel. He says the action of the Biddles, after they left the jail, convinced him that they had no great hope of escape, but wanted to get out on the road and have a chance to fight for their lives in preference to being hanged.

KINDNESS REPAID.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Llewellyn Mason, a conductor on the Chicago and Alton, has found that courtesy to the traveling public sometimes has its reward. The will of W. A. Tyler, a Bloomington millionaire, probated Tuesday, contains the following clause:

"To Llewellyn Mason I bequeath the sum of $1,000 as a recognition of the courteous treatment accorded me while traveling on the Alton Road."

Conductor Mason is over 60, and has been a conductor on the Alton nearly thirty years.

Millionaire Tyler was exceedingly curious when traveling and asked many questions. In 1868 he happened to take a train upon which young Mason was conductor and Mason spent all of his spare time talking to him.

Mason carried the rich man many times and never tired of his questions.

STUDENTS ARRESTED.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 20.—Twelve Princeton students were arrested here Wednesday charged with malicious mischief for painting the battle monument and a number of the houses in the city with the figures "'05" in yellow paint. The students painted a lot of farm buildings between Lawrenceville and Trenton with those figures and also about twenty houses on Princeton avenue, in Trenton. They painted the figures on two sides of the battle monument, when they were detected by the police and taken before Police Judge Jackson. They gave their names as Charles Richards, James Smith, Osbourn Curtis, P. G. Connell, Robert Pellit, F. G. Wylie, H. Minott, Lambert Cadwallader, Rulon Miller, jr., H. J. Raymond, Frank Reinhart and Walter F. Foulke. They waived a hearing for the action of the grand jury and were released on $100 bail each.

BURIED ALIVE.

SEATTLE, Wash., February 20.—The steamer Dirigo, from Alaska, brings news that Chilkoot Indians near Hinsmission, Alaska, on February 5 buried alive a boy of their tribe. The boy has been converted to christianity by a Methodist missionary and denounced the tribal medicine man.

Recently fourteen natives died of consumption, and the belief spread that the boy, through his knowledge of the white man's religion, caused the death.

The missionary found the boy still alive in his grave. The boy lived several hours, dying from fright. The medicine man responsible for the crime is Skun Doo, who spent a term in San Quentin Penitentiary for causing an old woman to be starved to death in 1894.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Jewelers Dummy Clock's Wrong

A paragraph has been going the rounds of the press, save the "New York Press", that the dummy clocks used by jewelers and other dealers in timepieces as advertisements always indicate the hour 8:18 to commemorate the precise moment when President Lincoln was assassinated. Lincoln, says the "Press" did not arrive at Ford's Theatre on the fatal evening until 9 o'clock and Booth did not shoot him until after 10. His death occurred at 7:30 the next morning.

—John Winegardner has removed to Bellefonte with his family where he will reside. He is a locomotive fireman on the L. & T. R. R., and living at Bellefonte is far more convenient for his run over the road.—Lewisburg Journal.

Hurt at Lewisburg.

Robert Moyer, baggagemaster on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, met with a serious accident at Lewisburg early Wednesday morning. After the train returned from Montandon from meeting the 5.20 north bound train, Mr. Moyer proceeded to fill the water coolers. He did not, however, get the ladder on a solid place and it slipped and fell. Moyer in trying to save himself, and lighten the fall, struck his hand through the car window, breaking the glass and cutting and tearing his hand badly. He struck on the back of his head, and also injured his hip. A physician was summoned and he was taken to his home on North Seventh street about 7. 30 o'clock.

Tuesday's Election in Milesburg.

The Spring election in Milesburg was extremely quiet and uneventful. A light vote was polled, which was recorded as follows: Judge—J. S. Knarr, r 57, E. L. Noll, d 30; Inspector—C. W. Smith, r 47, E. W. Groves, 36; Council—Wesley Crain, r endorsed by Democrats 84; J. M. Green, r 45, Joseph Baird r 48, J. B. Noll d 36, C. H. Else, d 37; School Director—Z. T. Harshbarger, r 52, Cal Zimmerman, r 45, W. B. Thomas, d 38, Ed. Johnston, d, 35; Overseer of Poor, W. R. Campbell r, 50, Homer Carr, d, 35, Justice of Peace, J. M. Green, r 50, A. G. Rager, d, 39; Constable, J. G. McKinley r, 51, Walter Smith, d, 41; Auditor, L. T. Eddy, r, 48, Geo. Stroop, d, 35.

BANNER SALVE,

the most healing salve in the world.

C. M. Parrish.

Killed in the Mines.

William Joseph Hill, living near Cuba Mines, Centre County, was instantly killed Thursday while working at Baltic mines, operated by Irish Brothers. The young man was employed as driver and it is supposed while entering the mines was caught between the car and rib in the mines. The accident occurred a little before the noon hour and when his companions found him he was dead, his body and head being terribly crushed and bruised, and it is believed he died instantly. He was aged about 27 years, and was the only support of his mother.

A Night Alarm.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup. Which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordie, of Mannington, Ky., writes: "My three years old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life. Refuse substitute. C. M. Parrish.

A Month Without a Full Moon.

The month of February, 1866, was the most remarkable month in the world's history. January had two full moons, and so had March, but February had none. This had not occurred since the creation of the world and, according to some astronomers the same thing may not occur again for a period of 2,500,000,000 years.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Omnibus Kills a Boy.

While running in the middle of the street following a show band, six year old Luther Richards, son of Bingham Richards, of Jersey Shore met a horrible death Tuesday afternoon in that place. The little fellow got in the way of a heavy omnibus loaded with passengers. The tongue of the vehicle knocked him down and the wheels passed over his body crushing him to death.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Anti-Profanity Society.

Anti-Profanity societies are being organized in many towns in the interior of the state. The young men of Shamokin have organized a club and fines are imposed on those who break the rules. Bellefonte would be a good place for such an organization.

—The M. E. church at Morrisdale, which for some time has been undergoing extensive repairs, will be reopened on Sunday, March 2nd, with services at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. E. J. Gray, of Williamsport, will preach at both of these services. The following week special services will be held, and several visiting pastors will be present to conduct the same.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—Instead of making music for King Edward's coronation this summer Sousa and his band will be at the Steeplechase Steel Pier, Altantic City. A little more than $1,400 a day is required to pay the "March King" for two concerts per day for the sixty-six days he will appear at the Steeplechase Pier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Past GUARANTEES The Future

The Fact That

St. Jacobs Oil

Has cured thousands of cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises and other bodily aches and pains is a guarantee that it will cure other cases. It is safe, sure and never failing. Acts like magic.

Conquers Pain

Price, 25c and 50c.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Sudden Death of a Veteran of the 148th.

Louis Welsh, of Benton, Pa., a member of the 148th regiment died suddenly at the home of his brother-in-law, John McNaul, at Salona Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Welsh came to Bellefonte to attend the reunion of his old regiment and was present during the proceedings of Wednesday in the Court House. In the afternoon he left for Salona over the Central railroad to visit his sister Mrs. McNaul. Almost immediately upon his arrival in Salona his death occurred.

The unfortunate incident created a deep feeling among his comrades now in Bellefonte when the news of his sudden and unexpected demise was received.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

C. M. Parrish.

—The fifth ward of the city of Allegheny elected on Tuesday Miss Kate Cassatt McKnight as School director. The nomination and election came unsolicited, Miss McKnight received a majority of 33 votes. She is a social leader, vice-president of the Federation of Women's Clubs of Pennsylvania and a member of the society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

—This district convention of the Epworth League will be held at Philipsburg on the 15th and 16th of May next. Preparations are being made for an unusually good convention, and an effort is being made to have one of the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church present if it is possible.

—Bishop J. M. Walden, of the Methodist Episcopal church sailed Friday from New York to Porto Rica accompanied by his wife. He will investigate the condition of the missionary situation in the island. The bishop will return to this country in time to preside over the Central Pennsylvania Conference to meet in Bellefonte beginning March 26th.

Brazilian Balm

Cures Grip, Coughs, Croup.

10c. 25c.

—At nine o'clock Saturday morning the depth of Friday night's snow fall was nine inches. About six inches had fallen during the previous day and night consequently during the past 48 hours we had at least 15 inches of the "beautiful" to wade through, shovel off and contend against.

—New York has subscribed nearly $80,000 for the McKinley monument at Canton, most of it being given in New York city.

Professional Cards.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

A. A. DALE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office over Centre County Bank, corner Sprin and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

W. F. Reeder. H. C. Quigle

REEDER & QUIGLEY.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office on Allegheny street, 2 doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. M. Bower. Ellis L. Orvis.

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

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Collections everywhere. Loans in building associations. Reference: First National Banks.

MONEY To PATENT Good Idea. may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Subscriptions to The Patent Record $1.00 per annum

DEATH OF MRS. EMMA M. ROBERTS

Resided for a Number of Years in Bellefonte When her Late Husband was an Instructor at the Bellefonte Academy.

The Brooklyn Eagle of February 19th, contained the following announcement of the funeral of the late Mrs. Emma M. Roberts whose death occurred at Clifton Springs, N. Y., where she had been at the sanitarium since her husbands death two years ago. Mrs. Roberts was well known to the older residents of Bellefonte for she resided here for a number of years with her husband who was an instructor at the Bellefonte Academy. Mrs. Roberts was a sister of Rev. James P. Hughes the principal of the Academy.

"The Rev. Dr. J. D. Wells, pastor of the South Third Street Presbyterian Church, officiated at the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Emma M. Roberts. Though Dr. Wells is over 80 years of age and though the day was dangerous for an out of door trip, the doctor felt it was his duty to attend the services at 3 Verona place, yesterday afternoon, as Mrs. Robert's husband, the late Rev. John S. Roberts, had been assistant pastor of the South Third Street Presbyterian Church for some years previous to his death, two years ago.

At the funeral services yesterday Dr. Wells spoke of the missionary work in which Mrs. Roberts had been a faithful aid to her husband.

She was born in Cape May, N. J., sixty-six years ago, and was the daughter of James Hughes, a prominent resident of South Jersey. In 1861 she was married to John S. Roberts, then a divinity student at Princeton, N. J., and after their marriage the young man, as an ordained minister, went to Shanghai, under the auspices of the Foreign Missionary Board of the Presbyterian Church, as a missionary. They remained there until ill health compelled Mr. Roberts' return to this country. After ten years he essayed to do mission work in China once more, but ill health again forced him to return after four years. Since then he had served the denomination in various ways, his wife aiding him. He died in February, 1900, and his wife died two years, all but five days after him. Her remains were to-day taken to Glen Cove for interment beside her husband. His first charge was in that town. Her son, John S., and her daughter, Eva D. Roberts, survive her."

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent Cure, not only temporary relief, for all Nervous Disorders. Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Debility, Exhaustion. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ld., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

Kodol Digests what you Eat

Dyspepsia Cure

You might as well put fuel under a boiler without burning it and expect the engine to run, as to eat food and not digest it and expect to keep up nourishment for your body. You must have nourishment to live and when you cannot digest your food, KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE will do it for you, with no aid whatever from the stomach. It contains exactly the same elements as Nature's digestive fluids and can't help but produce the same results.—David Taylor, Blind Ridge, Pa., writes:—"I have been afflicted for a number of years with dyspepsia and have tried various remedies without good results but was cured by one bottle of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. I cannot say too much in its favor."

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

When you need a soothing and healing application for piles, sores and skin diseases, use **DeWitt's Witch Hazel SALVE.** Beware of counterfeits.

C. M. PARRISH.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

C. M. Parrish.

This will save your Life.

By inducing you to use

Dr. King's New Discovery,

....For....

Consumption, Coughs and Colds.

The only **Guaranteed Cure.** **NO Cure. NO Pay.** Your Druggist will warrant it.

ABSOLUTELY CURES

Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs.

TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.

Regular Size 50 cents and $1.00.

Green's Pharmacy

KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

C. M. Parrish.

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heals lungs and stops the cough.

C. M. Parrish.

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It does more than that IT PENETRATES deeply into the muscles and tissues—equalizes the circulation; removes soreness. Soothes the nerves, relieves neuralgia, headache, backache, sprains, bruises muscular pains, and stiff and swollen joints; it is used only externally.

GREEN'S

Electric Liniment

should be in every home.

Price 25c.

GREENS' PHARMACY.

Bush House Block,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

RHEUMATIC WARPED LIMBS.

To suffer the most excruciating pains, to lose the use of limbs, and to have the joints swollen and disfigured is the lot of the victim of rheumatism.

Uric acid in the blood is the cause of rheumatism. If the kidneys are active, they remove the uric acid. That is their special work. If, on the other hand, the kidneys are deranged, there is sure to be uric acid in the blood and rheumatic pain through the body.

No amount of liniment will ever cure rheumatism. It sometimes relieves, but cure can only be brought about by setting the kidneys right. The most effective kidney remedy known to man is Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They cure rheumatism permanently by making the kidneys active in their work of removing the uric acid from the blood.

Mr. William J. Coad, No. 65 Brunson Street, Oswego, N. Y., writes: "I am very glad to praise Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and tell what they have done for me. I suffered for many years with severe constipation, Rheumatism and kidney trouble, and could get no relief until I tried Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. In them I found immediate relief, and can honestly recommend them to other sufferers."

One pill a dose. 25c. a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

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CATARRH MICROBE.

TRIAL BOTTLE 25c.

Cures a Cold in One Night.
Guaranteed to Cure Any Cough. 25c
Only Radical Cure for Bronchitis. 50c
Cures Worst Croup in a Few Minutes.
Cures Sore Throat and Ulcerated Toncils.
Only Positive Cure for Quick Consumption.
Kills the Catarrh Microbe and Cures in One Month.
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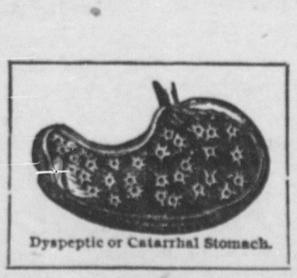
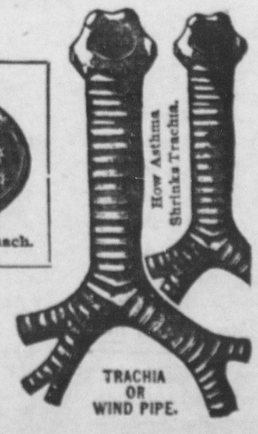


Dyspeptic or Catarrhal Stomach.

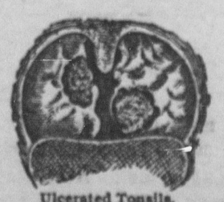


Only Thing on Earth That Cures Asthma.

NOT ONE FAILURE IN 20 YEARS

Monte Ray Collins, Stevens Point, Wis., cured of dreadful cough following Pneumonia.

Kills the Streptococus, the dyspepsia germ and heals the stomach. Takes old Grip out of the system, restoring the vigor of youth. Cures Plurisy. Constipation and Piles, when all else fails. Mumps in 24 hours. Earache in 1 minute. Kills the pain of bee, wasp or hornet stings in 1 second. Heals sores wounds, burns, preventing lock jaw. Kills a boil over night. Cures all germ diseases. Is 100 years ahead of the medical profession. Try it.



Ulcerated Tonsils.

20 days treatment Toxicola Tablets, greatest tonic Liver Invigorator and Headache Remedy, FREE with a $1 bottle of Brazilian Balm. Or a box of Toxicola (1 month's treatment) 25c.

Miss. L. L. Clark, Indianapolis, "The woman who coughed" ruined by grip, catarrh and asthma, restored to the vigor of youth with BRAZILIAN BALM AND TOXICOLA.

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BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1902.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, G. W. Rees, J. Thomas Mitchell } Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	John Houser	"
" W W	Earle C Tuten,	"
Centre Hall boro	C. F Deininger	Centre Hall
Milesburg "	Alfred S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	J Spigelmyer,	Millheim
Howard "	Robert Cook, Jr.,	Howard
Philipsburg 1 w	C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
" 2 "	Geo E Lamb	Philipsburg
" 3 "	Harry Platt,	"
South Philipsburg	Ira Stover	Philipsburg
College boro	Philip D Foster	State College
Unionville Boro	Howard Holzworth	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	David Rothrock	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	David Rhinesmith	"
Boggs Twp N P	Thos. Malone	Yarnell
Boggs Twp E P	H R Curtin	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	Scott Walters	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	D G Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp	Wm. Thompson, Jr	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
Ferguson Twp E P	A Stine Walker, P G	Mills
Ferguson " W P	A M. Grazier	Gatesburg
Gregg " N P	Isaac Long	Madisonburg
Gregg " E P	Jos. K. Bitner,	Penn Hall
Gregg " W P	Wm Allison	Spring Mills
Haines " E P	J C F Motz	Woodward
Haines " W P	Jas F Weaver	Aaronsbg
Half Moon "	J A Thompson,	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	Ralph Schenck	Howard
Huston "	G G Fink	Martha
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	Samuel Aley	Walker
Miles E P	M W Adams	Livonia
" M. P.	Clem. H. Gramley	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton	John W Balsor	Benore
Penn "	T B Motz	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	James Stahl	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
" " W P	John T Smith,	Celyer
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Isaiah Woodle,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	W A Sickle	Snow Shoe
" W P	Alonzo Grove	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Anthony Dusling	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	William Hampton	Bellefonte
Tayler "	A R Price	Hannah Furnace
Union "	E P Barton	Fleming
Worth "	B C Woodring	Port Matilda
Walker " M P.	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" " P. P.	L E Rogers	Nittany
" " W. P.	Christ Decker	Zion

EDITORIAL.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY says he has no political ambitions, but just the same his peregrinations over the country are in some quarters accepted as contradictory evidence in the case.

THERE are 818 ice making plants, in the United States, representing an investment of $51,384,824. In 1901, 176 new companies were formed with a total capitalization of $17,634,000. In some respects it cannot be so bad to be the "ice man."

THE Massachusetts cat is up against it. A bill has been introduced in the Massachusetts House to license the feline inhabitants of that State. The bill provides for the annihilation of all unlicensed. After all what is sauce for the dog should be sauce for the cat.

SENATOR BEN FOCHT, the machine's faithful and obedient lieutenant in the Snyder—Union—Northumberland district, pressed the button, or pulled the strings if you prefer, in Union county on Saturday and his Republican puppets instructed their—or his rather—delegate to the State Convention to vote first, last and all the time for the nomination of John P. Elkin for Govenor. Another illustration of the absolute subjection of the Union county Republicans to the will of their political master.

THE result of last week's election in Pittsburg, and other places where the machine received disasterous bumps, seems to have awakened a feeling of fear in the hearts of those who hope for the early coming of an era of clean politics and honest government in Pennsylvania, that the gang may "view with alarm" the signs that are portentous of approaching days of political upheavals and calamities and heed the judgment of those who argue against the selection of John P. Elkin as the Republican candidate for Governor.

OH! HAMILTON.

Professor John Hamilton, the head of the State Agricultural department, appeared on Tuesday last in a new role, or rather in a revival of his old role. He attended the local primaries in State College Borough and participated in the nomination of Borough officers to be supported by the Republican voters of that classic Borough. It appears that he had a slate of his own. It further appears that his fellow Republicans smashed his slate. Then Hamilton became a Mugwump, a Kicker, an Independent. He refused to abide by the majority rule. He immediately interested himself in another convention—a convention of kickers, mugwumps, independents and union party men. He was the kicker of kickers. He helped to nominate a ticket of the veriest M. K. I. and U. quality for the purpose of defeating the regular Republican ticket which but a few hours or minutes before he had participated in the making of! Oh! Hamilton, oh! consistency! oh! Hamiltonian honor!

But why did he thus butter his political parsnips? Here is the answer. A great issue has arisen in the classic Borough of State College. The latter wanted a Street widened to improve the growing beauty of that now beautiful borough. Hamilton opposed this reform because he was interested in some property that might be condemned, so the story goes. He wanted Councilmen elected who would oppose the Village Improvement. He was outnumbered in the Republican party caucus. His parsnips would not stand old-fashioned country cow butter. He tried oleo as a substitute but called it "M. K. I. and U butter." He lost in the first churning, but won in the second. His followers united with the Democratic voters and nominated the alphabetic ticket. Then came the struggle at the polls. It was terrific, Stone and Flinn's fight in Pittsburg was a gentle zephyr compared to Cyclone Hamilton, marching onward to the polls in command of the oleoaginous combination of Democrats and mugwumps, and he was just as successful as Stone and Flinn. Cyclone Hamilton is for Hamilton! He is for Quay and the Machine when it helps Hamilton. He is against them when it does not. He is for pure cow butter on his own political parsnips. He sometimes is for Oleo! He participated once in a convention that nominated Womelsdorf for Assembly. He opposed Womelsdorf at the polls. He has had experience. He knows his parsnip. He also knows what's butter and what's oleo. He should be called to order by the only true Republicans on earth, Stone, Elkin and Dunham.

EX-ASSISTANT chief of Police Devery, of New York, recently made an investment of $350,000 and Police Captain Thomas until lately in command of the "Tenderloin" district in the same city has just bought a $160,000 apartment house. The question naturally arises "how was it did?" If the possessor of even an ordinary guessing works cannot reach a satisfactory solution we beg to refer the unfortunate to the chief of the Ashbridge Private License Bureau; City Hall, Philadelphia.

IT is rumored that Representative C. K. Wheeler, of Kentucky, who recently took occasion in Congress to throw off a few spasms over the visit to this country of Prince Henry and at the same to give a public demonstration of his right and title to a front place in the category of "unmitigated jackasses", will form a combination with Carrie Nation, the saloon smasher, and barn-storm the country in one night stands. As a freak team they will be hard to beat.

THE last of the two score or more rumors of the release of Miss Stone, the American Missionary who has been a captive of Bulgarian bandits for some moons, seems to have been founded upon fact. Now the time has arrived for some hustling American promoter to secure her for a lecture tour.

'TWAS SURELY IN JEST.

Col. W. S. Thomas, chairman of the Dauphin county Democratic committee, is quoted as having stated that the Democrats of Dauphin county will present the name of Vance McCormick, mayor-elect of Harrisburg aged 29 years, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor.

If Colonel Thomas has been correctly quoted we are persuaded in the belief that he was either giving his interviewer—assuming that there was one—a jolly or he does not fully appreciate the political situation that will confront his party in the state if a certain action, seriously contemplated by the Quay machine gang, is carried into effect.

The election of a Democratic Governor in Pennsylvania has been accomplished only when the arrogance of a Republican ring has thwarted the wishes of the Republicans of the state in the nomination of the party candidate, or when the nomination was made in defiance of the best judgment of party leaders, in or out of the confidence and councils of the nominating board so to speak.

Indications point to just such a condition of affairs in the coming campaign. It seems that the Stone—Durham—Elkin trio, with their several auxiliary alliances will dictate the Republican gubernatorial nomination. That such a course will be most vigorously condemned by thousands upon thousands of Republicans and will be just as vigorously repudiated at the polls by all honest and self-respecting citizens is patent to everyone conversant with the political temper of the Pennsylvania electorate.

The Pennsylvania Democratic leaders have on similar previous occasions demonstrated their ability to make the most of such political situations and it is not likely that they will fail to grasp with proper sagacity and intelligence the opportunity which, to all appearance, is preparing to knock at their door. With this view of the approaching situation Dauphin county's choice (?), heralded by Colonel Thomas, will cut an extremely narrow swathe in the Democratic State Convention. Mayor-elect McCormick's only claims to distinction are confined to the foot-ball gridiron and the Harrisburg common councils. His ability for executive administration is yet to be proven but we have no hesitancy in saying that we believe he will make an enviable record as Mayor of Harrisburg, and the splendid majority he received over his Republican machine opponent at the recent election is evidence that the people of Harrisburg held the same opinion and an anti-election one too at that.

The absurdity of Dauphin county's choice (?)—according to Colonel Thomas—is striking illustrated when the candidacy of the Mayor-elect of Harrisburg is compared with others prominently mentioned. Democrats of national reputation as well as of state: Congressman J. K. P. Hall, of Elk county; Col. George W. Guthrie, of Allegheny county; Hon. H. J. McAteer, of Huntingdon county; former Attorney General, Henzel of Lancaster county, Hon. Robert E. Wright, of Lehigh county; Senator J. H. Cochran, of Lycoming county and former Governor Pattison, of Philadelphia. If Colonel Thomas expressed himself as report it must have been in jest.

THE STATUES OF PROHIBITION IN THE UNITED STATES.

A Prohibition journal is authority for the statement that fully 30,000,000 of the inhabitants of the United States, or more than one-third of the entire population, are now living under prohibition, either by State law or by local option. Forty-one states of the forty-five are included in the numeration, either in whole or in part. Even Kentucky, in spite of its notoriety for its consumption and manufacture—illicit and otherwise—of wet goods, has ninety out of its one hundred and nineteen counties under prohibition's sway. It seems, according to this statement, that the Blue grass commonwealth is undeserving of its bibulous reputation, and it may be that the inhabitants of the twenty-nine counties, untrammeled by prohibitory restrictions, are responsible for Kentucky's fame throughout the world as keen on "soul searchers" and "snake bite antidotes." The four excepted states wherein the forward march of prohibition has been unable to penetrate, are, naturally, Idaho, Nevada, Utah and Wyoming. That these states will in time and by degrees yield to the persuasive influence of prohibitions advance agents is a reasonable anticipation considering the progress that the cause has made in Kentucky.

KICK HIM OUT.

If the Senate of the United States does what is right and proper and in accord with public sentiment it will kick South Carolina's blackguard and bully Senator, Pitchfork Tillman, into private life and at the same time serve notice on South Carolina, and other states as well, that the United Senate is not to be made the refuge of such types of character as Tillman represents. Tillman has been a putrid spot on the surface of American politics ever since his entry into the Senate, some seven or eight years ago. As Governor of his state he was offensive enough but happily during that period his notorious personality was confined for the most part within the limits of his executive jurisdiction. His election as a United States Senator opened the entire country as a field for the exercise of his despicable endowments and he has succeeded in reaching the depths to which creatures of his calibre and character are predestined to sink. Purge the senate of his dishonoring presence is the verdict of the people.

IF the Republican nomination for Governor is to be disposed of as a reward for services rendered no one will question but that John P. Elkin has first claim. His service to the machine is comprehensively and conspicuously set forth in his unsavory record in his public and political career.

THE SINFUL BROTHER

He Was a Good Man, but Didn't Hold Family Prayers.

It was at a certain church meeting, and the good bishop was calling for reports. He had a rather stern, sharp manner which sometimes jarred a little on the nerves of the more timid. By and by he came to Brother B., a lay delegate.

"Brother B., what is the spiritual condition of your church?" demanded the bishop briskly.

"I consider it good," said the brother.

"What makes you think it is good?" went on the bishop.

"Well, the people are religious. That's what makes me think so."

"What do you call religious? Do they have family prayer?"

"Some of them do, and some do not."

"Do you mean to say that a man may be a Christian and not hold family prayer?"

"Yes, sir; I think so."

"Do you hold family prayer?"

"Yes, sir," returned the brother quietly.

"And yet you think a man may be a Christian and not hold family prayer?"

"I have a brother who is a better man than I am who does not hold family prayer."

"What makes you think he is a better man than you are?"

"Everybody says so, and I know he is."

"Why does not your brother, if he is such a good man, hold family prayer?" thundered the bishop.

"He has no family," meekly answered the brother.—Harper's.

Every Animal Is Fond of Bananas.

The leaves of the banana, often six feet long and two feet wide, are tender, and the strong winds of the tropics soon tear them in strips, thereby adding to their grace and beauty. The banana is a fruit that beast and bird, as well as man, are fond of, and the owner, when he lives in a sparsely settled country, must protect his plantation by a fence of some thorny plant.

The Main Point.

Mrs. Gatterson—You will come to dinner anyway, Mr. Tutter, will you not, though I am afraid there will not be many interesting people present?

Tutter (gallantly)—What difference does that make? One is always sure of a good square meal at your house.—Harlem Life.

—The male ward of the Dauphin county prison, in Harrisburg, is under quarantine for smallpox. Guy Garber, awaiting trial for larceny, died of the disease last Friday night and was promptly buried. To prevent a possible spread of the disease the ward in which Garber was confined was Tuesday placed under quarantine.

TWO STORIES.

The Second One Evened Up Accounts With the First.

A young man was telling anecdotes to a circle, and one of his listeners was his mother-in-law. He related one about a funeral. A woman had died. The undertaker at the close of the services at the house said to the bereaved husband:

"You will ride in the first carriage with your mother-in-law."

"I decline to ride with that woman," said the widower. "She has made my life miserable. To ride with her would spoil all the pleasure of the occasion."

All laughingly appreciated the humor of the story except the young man's mother-in-law.

"Why don't you laugh?" he asked. "It was a good story."

"Oh," she replied, "I was thinking of another story about a colored minister who prayed one day for rain like this:

"'Oh, Lord, sen' us a rain. Thou knowest dat de craps is a-sp'ilin'. Thou knowest dat de cattle on a t'ousand hills am a-perishin' fo' water. Sen' us a rain, O Lord. Not one ob yer drizzles. Sen' us a downpour, a gully washin', a trash liftin' rain.'

"An old mammy in the back part of the church called out: 'Look hyar, parson, whuffo' yo' pray dat a-way? Why yo' pray for a trash liftin' rain? Doan' yo' 'member dat I done bury dat trifilin' son-in-law o' mine last week?'"—Chicago Chronicle.

How to Make Yourself Invisible.

Purchase a new pot, dish, mirror, agate, steel and tinder. "Convey" a black cat—a dead one will do. At the stroke of midnight fill your pot at the fountain, light a fire and put the pot on it. Place the cat in the pot and hold the lid on with your left hand. Remain for twenty-four hours in this position without moving, speaking, eating or drinking and be especially careful not to look behind you whatever noises you may hear.

At the end of this time take off the pot and place the contents on the new dish. Separate the flesh of the cat from the bones and throw the former over your left shoulder, saying, "Accipe quod tibi do, et nihil amplius." Then place each bone in succession between your teeth on the left hand side, looking in the mirror meanwhile. Those which produce no effect must be thrown over the left shoulder with the scarcely civil but very necessary remark given above.

Retain that bone which when placed between the teeth makes your image disappear from the mirror and, having secured this, the object of your experiment, retire from the room backward. —Petit Albert.

Odors and Diseases.

The Medical Record is authority for the statement that the odor of new mown hay is an indication of pyæmia, typhus is indicated by an ammoniac smell, jaundice by a musky one, yellow fever by the odor of a bun barrel, hysteria by a suggestion of violets or pineapples, intermittent fever by the smell of fresh baked brown bread and measles by one like fresh picked feathers.

In cholera the odor of the skin is ammoniacal. It is acid in what is called milk fever, acetoformic in rheumatism, particularly in the region of the engorged articulations; of new baked bread in scarlatina. In smallpox the odor is that of the fallow deer; in typhoid fever it is that of blood.

It seems somewhat incongruous that the smell of the plague resembles honey.

How Bay Rum Is Made.

Bay rum is manufactured in Dominica from the dried leaves of Pimenta acris. Bay rum is procured by distillation and this in a very simple manner. The leaves are picked from the trees and then dried. In this state they are placed in the retort, which is then filled with water, and the process of distillation is carried on. The vapor is then condensed in the usual way and forms what is known as "bay oil," a very small quantity of which is required for each puncheon of rum. The manufacture of bay rum is carried on at the northern end of Dominica and proves a very lucrative business to those engaged in it, as the plants are plentiful in this district.

A Qualified Rejection.

"Hello, Simms, old man! I hear your editress friend has rejected you?"

"She has. I proposed to her in a letter, and she sent it back to me with a note saying: 'We have read the inclosed MS. with much interest and thank you for your courtesy in sending it. It is rejected, however, as we have already accepted the offer of a contributor who wrote us upon a similar theme.'"—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Look Ahead.

"Well, Charley, has your wedding day been set?"

"Yes, old chap. I had my fiancee agree to be married on her birthday."

"That does have a little romantic flavor."

"That wasn't the idea, you see. I was thinking that one present would answer for both anniversaries."—New York Herald.

—The Ridgway Advocate is booming Col. A. A. Clearwater, of Elk county, for second place on the Republican State ticket. The Advocate says if it is a soldier with a good war record that is wanted as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor Colonel Clearwater is the man.

—A select crowd of congenial spirits are at the famous Burnside cabin on Ferdue's mountain for supper Wednesday evening.

The Basking Shark.

The ferocity of sharks is not necessarily in proportion to their size. For example, there is the great basking shark, so called because of its habit of lying motionless at the surface of the water. It often attains a length of nearly forty feet, but its teeth are small comparatively, and it probably never attacks man, depending upon small fishes and crustacea for its diet. Another name for this species is "sail fish," because of its great back fin, which shows out of the water like a sail when it is basking.

Although sluggish ordinarily and easily harpooned, it exhibits great activity and enormous strength when struck, diving immediately to the bottom and requiring a great length of rope to hold it. These basking sharks are caught for their livers off the coast of Iceland, and the oil obtained is used to adulterate cod liver oil.

A Revival.

Revivalism in Jamaica has its tragedies and its comedies, but under no circumstances its advantages. The excitability of the black man is animal; it leads him backward toward the jungle, toward Obeahism. The noisy revivalistic meeting is a more serious scandal than a tea party. A doctor told us that not long since he was called in to a meeting, where he saw a woman lying on the ground, while her coreligionists danced a ketch dance in frantic circle around her, proclaiming her to be "in de spirit." He found she was dead from a fit caused by excitement. But the consequences of these "pious orgies" may be merely inconvenient, as in the case of the black lady who when "in de spirit" climbed upon her neighbor's roof and sat there for two days. The neighbor found this inconvenient. —Cornhill.

The Kid Glove Kid.

The average kid glove, according to those who should know, is not made of kid at all, but of goat or lamb skin. The kids from which the real kid glove is made are nurtured and cared for almost as carefully as are race horses. Most of them are reared in a mountainous district of France. The kids are nourished on milk alone and are never allowed to eat grass, as that would coarsen the skin. The kid is kept in a pen, where he can receive no scratch or bruise. They are thus kept, as it were, in cotton wool until the age when the skin is of most value. They are then carefully killed and the skin dressed with the utmost skill. Sheep, deer and colts are also pressed into service for so called kid and dogskin gloves.

Mrs. Soffel Released on Bail.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 26.—Mrs. Kate Soffel, the betrayer of her husband, Warden Soffel, and the accomplice of the Biddle boys in their escape from jail, was brought back to the city and placed in the jail which she left in flight three weeks ago.

She was in jail three hours. Her father, Conrad Deitrich, and Chas. J. Ansan became her bondsmen in $5,000. When the Court asked her father if he was related to the prisoner he replied: "I am to my sorrow."

Mrs. Soffel's trial will not be held for several weeks. A singular coincidence with her removal to this city from Butler was the fact that Ed Biddle would have been legally executed today.

Next to Nothing

The smallest painting in the world is said to be on the smooth side of a grain of ordinary corn and represents a miller and his mill with quite a landscape included. It is the work of a Flemish artist, and under a magnifying glass is seen to be executed with perfect accuracy. Remarkable as is this product of artistic genius it is not as wonderful, remarks an art critic, as whole mosaics made of the scales from butterfly's wings, the whole thing so small that the covered surface is no bigger than a fleck of dust.

—A Boston rag-picker was fined $20 for using the United States flag as a bag for his scraps. It was stained and soiled but its original design was not effaced so he was judged guilty of a "contemptuous use" of the national emblem.

—Rev. Dr. S. H. Ford, editor of The Christian Repository and Home Circle, is 84 years old and has been 64 years in the Baptist ministry. He is the oldest active minister in the denomination.

TO DOUBT THIS

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your own Senses.

It's Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

It's local endorsation for local reader.

It will stand the most rigid investigation.

Mr. A. B. Steel of North Spring St. says "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills in 1896 I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was so bad with lumbago or soreness across my kidneys that I had to play off work, I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all my suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

HUMAN HEAD HUNTERS.

The Savages of Polynesia Still Ply This Horrible Trade.

In the scarce known islands of the Pacific sea—New Guinea, Borneo, Ceram, Gilolo and others too numerous to mention—man still exists in the primeval state, and that most horrible of practices, head hunting, is still indulged in in spite of all efforts of various governments and missions as well as philanthropic societies who have come in contact with the people.

Just as the scalp lock on the belt of the young buck Indian was a token of manhood, so the gory head impaled on a tall pole over the hut of the would be young warrior, Papuan or Dayak, proclaims to all the prowess of the youth, henceforth a man and eligible for the council and the wooing of the maidens. It is immaterial how the trophy be obtained, whether by ambuscade or in fair battle. Generally it is the former. The candidate for martial honors simply waits his chance by night in some neighboring village as craftily and patiently as a leopard on the prowl, the kris or a poisoned arrow does the work swiftly and silently, and the severed head has ample time to cool before the deed is discovered and calls for retribution.

Thus an incessant vendetta and carnage go on, and only by living in inaccessible forests and strongly stockaded places is it possible at all for the tribes to save themselves from annihilation. Of the vast island continent of New Guinea the western or Dutch part is the worst looked after, and it often happens that numerous raiding parties in their great war canoes come swooping down the coast before the northwest monsoon and carry death and desolation into the comparatively quiet British portion around the mighty Fly river, opposite Torres strait. By the time the news is carried to Thursday island and the gunboat starts away in pursuit it is generally too late, and the marauders have vanished.

The writer was present once at the capture of a war party, and forty-eight heads were taken from the canoes. Hanging and deportation to penal servitude seem to be but a slight deterrent, for the terror recurs almost as regularly as a plague of locusts. These Papuans are a hardy, warlike people and expert bowmen, and they rely on their skill with this potent weapon solely, using their clubs for the dispatch of wounded foes.

The Dayaks of Borneo and their neighbors, on the other hand, are in favor of the "sumpitan" or blowpipe, shooting little diminutive but very cunningly poisoned arrows. The "sumpitan" has often a spear head attached to the outer end, like a bayonet on a musket. For close fighting they rely on the dreaded "parang," a heavy, hollow ground broadsword about two feet long, with the handle often carved of ivory and ornamented with gold and pearls, the wooden scabbard covered with human skin and hair.

They count him a poor warrior who cannot sever a head clean with one blow delivered backhanded. Even in a mountainous part of the Malay peninsula, north of Malacca, in the Dindings and Hegri Sembilan, there is to this day a remnant tribe of head hunters called the Sa-Ki.

Origin of the Sabbath.

The Sabbath as a religious institution is far older than the Pentateuchal legislation. It, too, can be traced back to a Babylonian prototype, not, however, as a day of rest from labor, but as a kind of atonement day, when by various rites and by observing certain restricted regulations the anger of the gods could be appeased. On this old institution the Hebrews ingrafted their religious ideas and produced the unique institution of a day observed as a respite from the week's toil and which, from being an "inauspicious" occasion, a dies irae, is viewed as a "delight."—Professor Jastrow in Independent.

Proved His Love.

"Are you sure it is really and truly love?" she asked.

"Positive," answered the practical young man who had just proposed. "I tested it."

"Tested it?"

"Yes. I doctored myself for indigestion for two weeks before definitely deciding just what the symptoms meant."—Chicago Post.

Compensation.

Mrs. Jones—How do you like your new cook, Mrs. Brown?

Mrs. Brown—Well, I'll tell you. She is a perfect failure at cooking, but, then, there are always compensations. She cooks so wretchedly, in fact, that she can't eat her own cooking. It really is quite a saving, you know.—Boston Transcript.

A Loophole Open.

"You're a fraud, sir!" cried the indignant patient. "You guaranteed your medicine to cure after everything else failed, and"—

"Well, my dear sir," replied the fake medicine man, "probably you haven't tried everything else."—Philadelphia Press.

Supply Practically Inexhaustible.

"Don't you ever run out of material for plays?" asked the admiring friend.

"Great Scott, no!" exclaimed the prolific writer of burlesque operas. "Look at this pile of blank paper and all these writing implements, will you?"—Exchange.

We have never had as great troubles in the daytime as we have imagined when lying awake at nights.—Atchison Globe.

Of all money transactions in England 97 per cent are done by checks and only 3 per cent by notes and gold.

AN EXPRESS PACKAGE.

Why the Shipper Would Not Designate Its Value.

"What is the value?" asked an express agent in a Broadway office of a keen eyed customer who had handed him a package to be sent to a western city. The man addressed did not answer at once, but glanced at a printed card on the wall that reads, "Always state the value of your shipment."

"If I state the value, will your company pay me that amount in case the package is lost?" asked the man in his turn.

"Certainly not, unless that is proved to be its value," answered the agent.

"If I state the value, can I prove a greater value if it is lost?"

"You will have to ask a lawyer that question," replied the agent.

"That isn't necessary, for I happen to know the law," said the shipper. "Your company is trying to establish an unfair rule, because it works only one way. You are right when you say that my statement cannot bind you, for in case of loss you can prove the value, but my statement would bind me, for the court would say that I was 'estopped' by my declaration as to the value.

"If a shipper should undervalue his shipment, thinking that thereby he would reduce the charges, he would have to stand by his statement, and your notice is calculated to make him do that very thing. You can mark my shipment 'No value stated,' and then if we meet in the courts it will be on an equal footing."—New York Herald.

The Miles We Walk.

How many miles a man walks in his lifetime depends naturally upon how much he walks a day on the average, but the man who walks the least covers a vast number of miles before he dies. Some men walk two miles a day, some four or five and some as many as ten. If a man walks two miles a day and lives to be thirty years old, he will cover 21,900 miles. At the same age a man who walks three miles a day will have walked 32,850 miles. Almost every man walks between two and three miles a day just in going about the house, the office, the shop and in going to and from the cars, etc.

A man who walks five miles a day finds that at the age of thirty he has covered 54,750 miles and at the age of sixty 109,500. From this should, strictly speaking, be subtracted the few months or a year when he was a baby unable to walk, but the result would not be affected materially.

Now, the circumference of the earth at the equator is only 24,899 miles, so therefore a man who at the age of sixty has averaged five miles a day since he was able to walk has walked enough miles to have encircled the earth four times and have a good many miles left over toward the fifth lap.

A Clever Witness.

At the X. quarter sessions a petty case was being tried. A well known criminal lawyer, who prides himself upon his skill in cross examining a witness, had an odd looking genius upon whom to operate.

"You say, sir, that the prisoner is a thief?"

"Yes, sir; 'cause why—she confessed it."

"And you also swear she was employed by you subsequent to the confession?"

"I do, sir."

"Then" (giving a sagacious look to the court) "we are to understand that you employ dishonest people to work for you even after their rascalities are known?"

"Of course. How else could I get assistance from a lawyer?"

The counsel only said, "Stand down."—London Tit-Bits.

Making Alloys Is an Art.

Great art is requisite in making alloys. It is true that they are readily formed by melting metals together in a crucible or in properly constructed furnaces, but it is necessary to insure perfect fusion and to prevent loss. Zinc is a volatile, inflammable metal and easily catches fire. Indeed it is not at all uncommon to find that two alloys of exactly the same component parts differ very materially in properties in consequence of a difference in the mode of preparation or in the care bestowed upon them.

A Curious Funeral Ceremony.

It is said that when Alaric, the conqueror of Rome, died that "a river was turned aside to make place in its bed for his grave and when he was buried the water was again let into its former channel, and the prisoners who had helped to bury him were killed so that no one might find out where the conqueror of Rome was buried.

The river thus turned was the Busento and the place near Cosento, Italy.

Origin of Domesticated Dogs.

The Eskimo dog is derived from the wolf. Doubtless the first dogs which were trained to serve mankind were the jackals of Asia, which are to this day very intelligent and docile when tamed. There was a kind of dog kept by the ancient Egyptians which was evidently obtained by breeding from slenderly built species that is wild in Africa at the present time.

Fitting Resentment.

Cholly—When he told you, deah boy, you hadn't sense enough to pound sand in a rat hole, what did you do?

Fweddy—I told him, baw Jove, I hoped I had too much sense to pound sand in a wat hole! Why should anybody do so widiculous a thing as that, don't you know?—Exchange.

The first city incorporated in this country with a charter and privileges was New York, which was granted its papers in 1664.

DOCTOR AND PATIENT.

It Is Not Always Profitable to Tell the Plain Truth.

As a rule you can never take a woman at her word. A Louisville woman and her husband went east for recuperation. It was their intention to interview a leading physician before they came back in order to get his opinion of the wife's health. She had been far from well and finally concluded nothing would satisfy her but the verdict of this medical celebrity.

Accordingly husband and wife called by appointment upon this specialist. "Now, doctor," said the woman, "I want your honest opinion. I like candor and don't wish to make the trip here to be told any falsehood about myself."

This sounded very open and courageous, so the expert went to work. He looked at her well, asked questions, made a minute examination of the case and finally inquired, "Did any doctor ever tell you you had so and so?"

"Only one—the horrid brute!" was the reply. "I have been to ten or twelve, and he was the only one who was so ignorant and rude as to tell me such a thing, and I discharged him at once."

"Discharged him!" exclaimed the expert. "Why, madam, he was the only one of the lot who told you the truth."—Louisville Times.

Fresh Water Sponges.

That certain sponges can do a great deal of harm is now maintained by a French scientist. According to him, the water supply of some cities and towns has been polluted by them, and the water supply of others may be polluted if steps are not taken to prevent it.

Sponges of this kind are found only in fresh water and are known as "cornacuspongiæ." A close examination shows that each of the various parts of such a sponge is composed of three layers. First, there is a flattened layer of epithelial cells, which covers the outer surface; next, there is a digestive layer of cells, each of which is surrounded by a collar, from which projects a little thong or whip, and, finally, between these two there is a third layer, containing the reproductive cells as well as the spicules and fibers which form the skeleton.

In some sponges the spicules are composed of silica and in others of calcium carbonate.

After some time sponges of this type decay, and if the water inhabited by them is used for drinking purposes the pollution caused by them is likely, according to the French scientist, to prove injurious to the public health, and therefore he recommends that the water be cleared of such sponges wherever it is possible to do so.

There are sponges of this kind in many rivers and ponds in this country.

Mozart and Beethoven.

The stories of how men of genius have had future fame predicted for them in their early youth must generally be taken with a considerable grain of salt. As authentic as most is the account of the first meeting of Mozart with the young Beethoven, which took place on the latter's first visit to Vienna in the year 1787. Mozart, then at the height of his fame, asked him to play, but, thinking his performance a prepared piece, paid little attention to it. Beethoven, seeing this, entreated Mozart to give him a subject, which he did, and the boy, getting excited with the occasion, played so finely that the composer of "Don Giovanni," stepping softly into the next room, said to his friends there: "Pay attention to him. He will make a noise in the world some day or another."—Chambers' Journal.

Our Surprising Sunflowers.

Few people in England, remarks a London paper, who grow the sunflower for ornament have any idea of its usefulness. And then it proceeds thus to describe the sunflower on its native heath in the United States:

So rich is this plant in oil that the seed of one of these monster plants will yield fifty gallons of oil, while the refuse of the seed after this quantity of oil has been expressed weighs 1,500 pounds when made into cattle cakes.

Three Classes.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked:

"Men and women range themselves into three classes or orders of intelligence. You can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons, the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things, the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

An Epitaph.

In a cemetery in Trumbull county, O., there is a tombstone on which the following epitaph, composed by the son of the deceased, is inscribed:

Here lies our father beneath the sod;
His spirit is gone to meet his God.
We never more shall hear his tread
Nor see the wen upon his head.

How He Explains It.

Stephen—So it is all over with Miss Bolter. How did it happen that she threw you over?

James—I don't know for certain, but I suspect it was because she wasn't hopelessly in love with me.—Exchange.

Fellow Feeling.

Mrs. Meeks—How do you know that stranger you were talking to is a married man? Did he say he was?

Meeker—No, but he looked sort of sympathetic when I told him I was.—Chicago News.

Some people can be made to believe anything except that they don't know everything.—Atchison Globe.

HE WAS EXCUSED.

But the Talesman Bungled His Excuse For Evading Jury Duty.

A young man whose features and flashing eyes betokened great earnestness was summoned before a judge of the city court the other day for jury duty. He immediately asked to be excused. When the judge asked him what excuse he had for not serving, he replied:

"I believe it is a rule of the court that the jury is the sole judge of the facts and the court of the law—that the juror should only weigh the facts as presented by the evidence, not taking into consideration any of the rules of law governing the case, wherefore all lawyers are exempt from jury duty."

"But are you a lawyer?" asked the judge.

"No, but I have been a close student of the law for many years."

"I am afraid that I cannot excuse you if you are not a lawyer," said the court, smiling.

"But," continued the young man, with great earnestness, the color mounting to his temples, "I am sure if your honor knew as much law as I do your conscience would not allow you to serve on a jury."

After the bench and bar had recovered from this naive outburst the judge told the young man that if it was a matter which affected his conscience so deeply he would excuse him, and a very much abashed youth left the courtroom.—New York Times.

The Scorpion's Wonderful Ear.

I have studied the habits of the scorpion for many years and have often noticed how very sensitive scorpions are to the most delicate sound, musical or otherwise. Under the thorax the scorpion has two comblike appendages, which are the antennæ (pectinatæ). It is pretty well settled by physiologists and entomologists that in insects the antennæ represent the organs of hearing. These delicate structures are easily affected by the vibrations of sound, and there can be no doubt whatever that they are also affected by sounds quite inaudible to the human ear.

The slightest vibration of the atmosphere from any cause whatever at once puts in motion the delicate structures which compose the antennæ, to which organs insects owe the power of protecting themselves against danger as well as the means of recognizing the approach of one another.—London Spectator.

Railways In Argentina.

"The railway system of Argentina," says a correspondent of the London Post, "is second to none in the world. Trains run at frequent intervals and punctually, especially the long distance trains. The rolling stock is excellent, and a long distance journey by rail is a luxury. The sleeping cars are sumptuously appointed, the permanent ways are well laid, and there is consequently very little jolting. It is possible to breakfast or dine in the trains as comfortably as in a hotel. The dining cars are well fitted up and beautifully decorated with flowers and pot plants. The food is properly cooked and tastefully served at any hour of the day or night, and, above all, the charges are extraordinarily low. Fares, too, are very low, so that traveling is an easy and a cheap matter."

Horseshoe Nail Rings.

Finger rings made of horseshoe nails! They are certainly not pretty or graceful, but they are said to bring good luck to the wearer on certain conditions.

To be a genuine charm the ring must be made from a nail taken from a horseshoe found by the owner herself and nobody else. This is taken to a jeweler, who bends it to fit her little finger and cuts off the superfluous length.

The ring is not welded together, and the head of the nail stands for the setting. There's no way of proving it, but those who have adopted these ornaments say that they bring just as much luck as a horseshoe itself hung over the door with ends up.—New York Herald.

The Rosemary at a Wedding.

In the island of Crete, it is said, a bride dressed for the wedding still calls, last of all, for a sprig of rosemary to bring her luck. Thus we come to find rosemary in close association with both marriage and death, just as the hyacinth was, and perhaps still is, among the Greeks. It is interesting to trace the connection by which the same plant came to have two such different uses.—All the Year Round.

The Color of the Eye.

The color of the iris is not uniform in any eye. Some eyes have spots, others stripes, still others blotches of white, green, blue, yellow and black, and the eye takes its color from the predominance of one hue. An eye that is considered gray will often be composed of black and yellow. An eye that is thought to be brown will be very dark red, with spots of yellow or blue.

It Would Be Suicide.

Mr. Frank—No, I won't take that horrible stuff.

Mrs. Frank—But the doctor ordered it.

Mr. Frank—I don't care. Why, that stuff would kill a mule.

Mrs. Frank—If you really think so, John, don't take it.—Philadelphia Press.

Desperate Resolution.

Rivers (exhibiting it)—This is a necktie my wife gave me.

Brooks—What are you going to do with it?

Rivers (heroically putting it on)—I am going to try to live it down.—Chicago Tribune.

DIAMONDS.

United States Buys Three-fifths of World's Output.

The world has never seen and in no other part of the world is there now to be seen anything like America's jewel madness as shown by the conditions of today, when more than 300 New York establishments are engaged solely in the importation of precious stones, when agents of American dealers are searching Europe for the white gem and hopelessly endeavoring to supply American appeals for rubies and emeralds and when 6,000 men in South Africa are toiling to obtain diamonds, more than half of which are to add to the beauty and happiness of the American woman.

It is she that has caused the United States to become the greatest diamond market in the world. For her we have imported in a single year $20,000,000 worth of precious stones, for her at one period we smuggled them in at the rate of $7,000,000 a year, for her we annually buy something like $12,000,000 worth of diamonds and thus for her sake heartlessly leave of the world's total output of diamonds only some $8,000,000 worth to satisfy the vanity of all the rest of the women on earth.

For her adornment we annually cause to be brought to this country diamonds weighing in the aggregate 1,200 pounds, a weight three times that of the total output of the famous Kimberley field and practically the equal of that of the whole of South Africa, the world's greatest diamond mine.—Frank S. Arnett in Ainslee's Magazine.

Fond of Smoking.

Smoking in church is a Dutch custom. Dutchmen are such inveterate smokers that one of them is rarely seen without his pipe. He finds himself unable to deprive himself of the indulgence even for the short period of a church service. A similar practice exists in several churches in South America. Smoking in churches in Great Britain is said to have been prevalent at the end of the sixteenth and the beginning of the seventeenth century.

At one time smoking was carried to such an excess in Seville cathedral that the chapter applied to the pope for power to repress the abuse. Urban VIII., yielding to their wish, issued a bull, which was promulgated Jan. 30, 1642.

In Wales smoking in church was indulged in as late as 1850. In one church the communion table stood in the aisle, and the farmers were in the habit of putting their hats upon it, and when the service began they lighted their pipes and smoked, without any thought of irreverence in the act.—Youth's Companion.

Cool.

It was in a western hotel. A bellboy was sent to Colonel William Greene Sterett's room to ascertain what urgent need had impelled that gentleman to push the button. He entered and found the colonel deeply immersed in a friendly game with some chosen spirits.

"Did you ring, sah?" he deferentially inquired.

"Yes," said Colonel Sterett, deftly hurling two unpromising pasteboards into the discard. "We want you to bring us some whisky. My friends here will take Scotch, and mine is rye."

"Yes, sah," said the boy, turning to go.

"And after you have brought us the whisky," continued Colonel Sterett, arresting his flight, "turn in a fire alarm. Some one in the next room has set the place afire."—New York Times.

A Way of Cooking Rodents.

The negro slaves of Jamaica used to regard rats as a dainty, their masters not providing them with any other meat. Their method of cooking the toothsome rodents was to impale each one on a long wooden skewer after cleaning the animal and cutting off the tail, turning it briskly around over a fire until the hair was all burned off. Then it was scraped until free from fur, and finally the end of the skewer was stuck into the ground, inclined toward the fire, until it was toasted dry and crisp, thus being made ready for the meal.

The Heart.

That wonderful piece of mechanism, the heart, appears to work continually day and night from birth to death, but in reality there are short pauses or rests between each beat which, though minute in themselves, mount up in the aggregate to eight hours out of every twenty-four. These short pauses enable the heart to repair the waste which constant work entails and without which rests it would break down.

Used to Smoke In Church.

The Rev. Dr. Parr, when perpetual curate of Hatton, Warwickshire, which living he held from 1783 to 1790, regularly smoked in the vestry while the congregation were singing long hymns, chosen for the purpose, immediately before the sermon. The doctor was wont to exclaim, "My people like long hymns, but I prefer a long pipe."—All the Year Round.

Sweet Charity.

Mrs. Gossippe—It is a positive shame to see how poorly Mrs. Charitee clothes her children.

Mrs. Clubb—But you must not forget, my dear, that her time is so much taken up with noble slum work that she has no time to look after them."—Ohio State Journal.

"Breaking the Bank."

The operation of "breaking the bank" at Monte Carlo consists merely in exhausting the temporary capital of one of the tables. When this occurs, that table goes out of business for the day.—Washington Star.

March 10 Story Book.

The March number of that most popular short story magazine, "10 Story Book," is out. The stories in this issue are largely along the lines of psychic phenomena, to which so much thought is being given at the present time. Elizabeth Phipps train has the leading story entitled, "Tell Junior." Clinton Ross contributes "Over the Waves of Awe"; J. K. Wetherill, "Fate's Dark Instruments"; Percival Pollard, "A Matter of Mere Money"; and Julian Sanford, "Backed for a Half Million." This latter story is the surprise of the month and rivals Jules Verne's novels in audacity. The story which was awarded the third prize in the recent contest is published. It is by James Gardner Slater and is entitled "The Pilgrimage of Wu Sin and Ah Fah." In the series of short story classics, the one selected for this month is "A Child's Dream of a Star" by Charles Dickens. Other stories are by Eustice Raoul La Ferronays, George Beardsley and Michael Gifford White.

Musical College.

The Musical College, at Freeburg, Pa., is a well equipped schools of music. $33 will pay for six weeks, instructions and board. Spring term begins May 5. For catalogue address.

HENRY B. MOYER, Director.

—Don't forget on Friday evening Marion Wilson the impersonator and the Marshall Sisters, the most wonderful bell ringers in our country will be at the Court House. This is the seventh of the course entertainments and comes to Bellefonte very highly recommended. The price of admission will be 35 cents with 15 cents addition for reserved seats.

—Dr. George B. Klump has purchased the Hoy property on High street now occupied by the Misses Pearl.

Central Hotel and Restaurant

S. O. WATTS, Proprietor.

Bar furnished with Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. The Hotel has been Refurnished and Refitted Throughout.

Pool and Billiard Room. First-Class Livery Attached

Electric Light. Steam Heat and Telephone. Street cars stop at door.

Corner Main and Spring Sts., LOCUSTDALE, PENN

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of Robert Glenn, late of Bellefonte borough, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated, for settlement, to

J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Administrator,
f27-6t Bellefonte, Pa

Supply and Want Column.

FOR SALE:—An Ideal Cash Register, never been used, absolutely new and in fine condition. For terms inquire at News Office.

AGENTS WANTED.—To canvass for the sale of Roses, Shrubs, and all varieties of nursery stock. Outfit free and start any man who wants to work. Write today for erms. C. L. YATES, Rochester, N. Y.

EDW. K. RHOADS

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NEW GINGHAMS

in the latest patterns.

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in newest weaves.

Every day brings new arrivals.

GARMAN'S.

SENSITIVE TO SOUND

ACUTE POWERS OF HEARING WITH WHICH FISH ARE ENDOWED.

Some Interesting Experiments That Were Made to Determine Just What Manner of Noises or Motions Would Startle Trout.

There are three phases of sense in fish particularly interesting to the angler—their exquisite powers of hearing, of seeing and their subtle, abnormal sensitiveness to atmospheric influence. With all our experience and study it is doubtful if we have arrived at anything like a full estimate of the acute sensitiveness with which fish are endowed. I devote this article to hearing. By hearing I must obviously be understood to mean their power of appreciating the vibration caused by sound, the conductor being either solid, aerial or liquid.

In man sound detonates the eardrum, and in that way when we are under water we discover little intelligible meaning from sounds. But the same vibrations are undoubtedly received by the exquisitely sensitive hearing intelligence of a fish, if I may use the term, in a different and far more impressive way. By intelligence I mean an instinctive recognition by their bodies of some disturbance, just as man recognizes a passing breath of air. It takes the form of feeling.

I came to the conclusion that I would make a few experiments. Here are one or two facts: A friend entered into it with me, and we bethought ourselves of certain well known trout in our preserve which were "always there." Then we placed thatched hurdles a day or two beforehand so that the fish might get accustomed to them in such a way that we could approach close to their haunts without being seen and watch the unsuspecting trout through a small hole cut in the straw. When one was not at home, the other generally was. My friend undertook the noise making, I the observation.

From the sound of a gunshot 500 yards away, which made our trout distinctly start, to the breaking of a twig three yards from the fish, which did the same, we tried all kinds of sounds, shrill and dull and at varying distances, and the sum of our experiments convinced us of this: That our sensitively organized friends felt the displacements of molecules through ether, which we call sound, and the further vibrating disturbance through what we call water, which I verily believe conducts sensation to the fish as readily as glass permits the penetration of light to this paper, in proportion to the distances and the character of the sound, but that they did hear, or feel rather, and with incredible quickness, too, was conclusively demonstrated.

What they heard and were not alarmed at I cannot tell, but when they were alarmed it was evident enough by the same kind of start they give when their chief enemy suddenly peeps over the bank. In only two cases could I discover actual fright, the fright that sends them down—a gunshot behind the hurdle and a heavy stamp of the foot near by. It is noteworthy that the shrill sounds seemed to startle them most. For instance, a policeman's whistle at ten yards sent one out into the stream as if looking about for some source of danger, whereas a shout at the same distance caused no detected movement. Their way of shifting a little farther from the bank when they have an inkling of danger is a very pretty side movement, well known no doubt. It seems for the purpose of watching the bank at a better angle.

The common manner of showing their alarm was by a sudden quiver, sometimes followed by a sinking down an inch or two, as much as to say, "What's up?" I very much doubt if I ever crept up to my peephole without being detected, and yet I was careful, for, if you notice, a trout once on the qui vive gives no sign of alarm at a second movement or noise. Once prepared he is immovable till he suddenly darts off. You may throw your greatcoat at him, and he either braves it stolidly or bolts cleans away. Five minutes' perfect stillness and they settle back to confidence, and then they were again easily startled. I fancy the laws of refraction had something to do with it and that even from the sky they sometimes perceived my movements. I had often suspected this before.

Another conclusion: I believe they heard much they appeared not to. A sudden smack of the hands together, and there was a decided quiver, but a bird rattle, begun very softly and gradually brought up to its very loudest, and no notice seemed to be taken. But doubtless, like ourselves, however loud the noise, the gradient robs it of its startle. However fanciful it may sound, of this I am thoroughly convinced—that water is such an immediate transmitter of vibration to fish that they recognize sound from the air nearly as quickly as man. It is no argument to say we do not when in it. We have no need. Fish have. And because they have they are providentially endowed with supersensitiveness to that particular nervous influence among others.—London Field.

Two Crops.

"Funny about young Spenditt, wasn't it?" said the observing man.

"Was it?" asked the man of an inquiring mind.

"Yes; he lost his money raising Cain in Europe and then made another fortune raising cane in Louisiana."—Baltimore American.

Useless.

Mr. D. Speptic—My dear, I wish you would prepare something occasionally to tempt my appetite.

His Wife—The idea! Why, you have not any appetite to tempt.—Catholic Standard and Times.

FLOATING ISLANDS.

One Island, Covering Two Acres, Seen In the Gulf Stream.

Of all passengers carried by ocean currents floating islands are the most interesting. Many of them have been found voyaging on the Atlantic. These islands were originally parts of low lying river banks which broke away under stress of storm or flood and floated out to sea. The Orinoco, the Amazon, the La Plata and other tropical rivers often send forth such pieces of their shores. Some of the bits of land are of large size and carry animals, insects and vegetation, even at times including trees, the roots of which serve to hold the land intact, while their branches and leaves serve as sails for the wind. Generally the waves break up these islands shortly after they put to sea, but sometimes, under favorable conditions, they travel long distances.

The longest voyage of a floating island, according to government records, took place in 1893. This island was first seen off Florida, and apparently it had an area of two acres. It bore no trees, but it was thickly covered with bushes, and in one place it was thirty feet high above the sea level. It was in the gulf stream, traveling slowly and with occasional undulations to show where the ground swell was working beneath it. Probably it got away from its river anchorage in the spring of the year, for toward the latter part of July it had reached the latitude of Wilmington, Del.

No large animal life had been seen on it, though there must have been myriads of the small creeping things which abound in the tropics. By the end of August it had passed Cape Cod and was veering toward the Grand banks. It followed the steamer lane routes quite accurately, and several vessels reported it. One month later it was in midocean northwest of the Azores, and its voyage evidently was beginning to tell on it. It was much smaller and less compact. It was not seen again, and probably it met destruction in the October gales. But it had traveled at least 1,000 miles, and if, as was thought, it came from the Orinoco, it must have covered twice that distance.

It is quite possible that floating islands larger than this one, under more favoring circumstances, might during past ages have made the complete journey from America to Europe or Africa and so brought about a distribution of animal species. Of course it is not absolutely certain that this island went to pieces in October. It might, though this is not probable, have floated down into the region of calms and seaweed, where it would be longer preserved.—Theodore Waters in Ainslee's.

THE GOLDEN RULE.

The Golden Rule is worldwide and is variously voiced as follows:

Do as you would be done by.—Persian.

Do not that to a neighbor which you would take ill from him.—Grecian.

What you would not wish done to yourself do not unto others.—Chinese.

One should seek for others the happiness one desires for oneself.—Buddhist.

He sought for others the good he desired for himself. Let him pass on.—Egyptian.

All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them.—Christian.

Let none of you treat his brother in a way he himself would dislike to be treated.—Mohammedan.

The true rule in business is to guard and do by the things of others as they do by their own.—Hindoo.

The law imprinted on the hearts of all men is to love the members of society as themselves.—Roman.

Whatsoever you do not wish your neighbor to do to you do not unto him. This is the whole law. The rest is a mere exposition of it.—Jewish.

They Wanted a Rest.

A Scottish congregation presented their minister with a sum of money and sent him off to the continent for a holiday.

A gentleman just come from the continent met a prominent member of the church and said to him:

"Oh, by the bye, I met your minister in Germany. He was looking very well—he didn't look as if he needed a rest."

"No," said the church member very calmly; "it was na' him; it was the congregation that was needin' a rest."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Reproof.

"Pa," said Willie, "what does it mean to say a man is 'one of nature's noblemen?'"

"'One of nature's noblemen,' my son," replied the old gentleman, with a significant look at his better half, "is a man who smiles when he gets some ridiculous cheap gift for his birthday and exclaims: 'How nice! Just what I wanted!'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Gums.

Is there a blue line on your gums near the teeth? Perhaps you are suffering from lead poisoning, so attend to the water pipes, or, if you are a painter, carefully wash your hands and clean your nails before eating.

Is there a red line on your gums? Go to a sanitarium for consumptives or at least take cod liver oil, open your windows night and day and consult a doctor.

Their Limited Circle.

Crawford—Have they enlarged their circle of acquaintances since they moved into their big house?

Crabshaw—Oh, no! Since they became rich they don't know half as many people as they used to.—Judge.

HORSES OF VENICE.

Actual Count Increases the Number to Fifteen.

It is a popular joke to say that there are but six horses in Venice, four over the portico of St. Mark's cathedral and two bronze animals of heroic size, one bestrode by Victor Emmanuel and the other by General Colleone. But this is a mistake. There are four other horses, also of bronze, in the Church of St. John and St. Paul, and quite a number of plaster and marble in the different public buildings, making altogether at least fifteen or sixteen. Ruskin and other competent critics have declared the statue of Colleone to be the best equestrian monument ever cast in bronze. It was designed and cast by Andrea Verrocchio, painter, sculptor, jeweler, engraver, poet and musician, a man of infinite genius, whose greatest fame lies in the fact that he was the instructor of the greatest artists of all centuries—Michael Angelo, Raphael and Leonardo da Vinci. The statue of Victor Emmanuel is not so highly thought of.

The horses on the top of St. Mark's are famous and have had a trying experience. They date back to the prehistoric age and are supposed to be the work of a Greek artist named Lyssippus and designed for a sculptured chariot. They were taken to Rome during the empire and first used as ornaments upon a triumphal arch erected by Nero and afterward by Trajan. The Emperor Constantine took them from Rome to Constantinople, where the Doge Dandolo seized them as loot and brought them to Venice. When Napoleon entered the city in 1797, he had them taken down from the roof of the cathedral and shipped them in wagons over the Alps to Paris. They served as ornaments upon the triumphal arch in the Place du Carrousel till 1815, when Emperor Francis I. of Austria redeemed them, and they were replaced, at his expense, where they now stand. These ponderous animals are of pure copper, and each weighs about two tons. They were formerly gilded, but the gold has been worn off by the weather, and the verdigris which has accumulated upon the copper gives them a rich green tint.—William E. Curtis in Chicago Herald.

OUR PRESIDENTS.

Only One Impeachment and but Two Resolutions of Censure.

Andrew Johnson was the only president of the United States ever impeached, and on the trial before the senate he was acquitted, the vote in favor of conviction barely falling short of the necessary two-thirds.

Two resolutions of censure on the president have been passed, once by the senate and once by the house, on occasions when the hostile majority was not large enough either to pass measures over the president's veto or to impeach him.

The first was passed by the senate on March 28, 1834, censuring President Andrew Jackson for alleged violation of the constitution and laws by his removal of the government deposits from the United States bank. The majority of the senate was opposed to Jackson in his war upon that bank, and this vote of censure was the only thing they could do about it. Jackson protested against this resolution as a charge to answer which no opportunity could be afforded him. The senate refused to receive the protest. Finally, on Jan. 16, 1837, the resolution of censure was expunged from the journal of the senate.

The second resolution of censure was in a report adopted by the house from the house committee to which President John Tyler's message vetoing the tariff bill of 1842 had been referred. This report censured the president for alleged improper use of the veto power. Tyler protested against this, as Jackson had done before him, but he had, as a member of the senate, voted against receiving Jackson's protest, and in answer to his protest the house sent him a copy of the senate resolution on the former occasion.

Making Errors.

A Massachusetts business firm prints this paragraph at the top of its letter heads: "Errors—we make them; so does every one. We will cheerfully correct them if you will write to us. Try to write good naturedly if you can, but write to us anyway. Do not complain to some one else first or let the matter pass. We want the first opportunity to make right any injustice that we may do." The little sermon deserves a wide audience. Few people have not had occasion at some time in their lives to regret the sending of a harsh or hasty note of complaint. It may be necessary to assert one's rights in subsequent letters, but there is no better rule of correspondence than to make the first one good natured.—Youth's Companion.

A Cure For Scald Head.

I have heard my grandmother say she had cured many a scald head by taking pure pine tar and enough lard to make an ointment when melted together so the tar won't stick, then keep the head as clean as possible and oil with the ointment. She said she had seen it cure heads when the matter had eaten seams in the neck.—Detroit Free Press.

Encouragement.

Tom—I don't think I'll ever get up enough courage to ask you to marry me. You know "faint heart never won fair lady."

Belle (blushing)—B-but I'm a brunette.—Philadelphia Record.

There is a cave on the Jorend fiord, Norway, from which at every change of the weather flashes of lightning issue.

Character is perfectly well educated will.—Novalis.

HER FACE HER FORTUNE.

Why One Girl Got a Good Paying and Easy Position.

She was a sweet looking girl, with as fair a pink and white complexion as woman ever desired, and was chatting with one of her own sex on a Staten Island ferryboat, while I was seated so near that I could not help hearing. Several times my truant eyes deserted my paper and stole a glance at the face that was so attractive.

"It was the luckiest thing that ever happened to me," she said to her companion, "when I went into that Fifth avenue store just to buy a comb. How little I thought that I would be working there at greater wages than I had ever hoped to earn! I hesitated about going in, because I feared the prices would be too high, but I did go in and came out with a comb without paying a cent for it. And, better than all, I had been engaged to begin the next Monday as a saleswoman.

"I was nearly discouraged before that, for I was getting only $4 a week, and we were awfully pinched at home, but my luck changed on that day, and it was Friday too. Fortunately for me, the store was crowded when I went in, and the proprietor left his desk that stands in a little railed off corner and came to wait on me. I noticed that he looked very sharply at me, but not at all in an impudent manner.

"'Pardon me, miss,' he said, 'but I am looking for a young lady to assist me in the store here, and if your circumstances are such that you would care for the place I would like to have you consider it.'

"I was wonderfully surprised, but thanked him, saying that I knew nothing about the business.

"'That doesn't matter,' he replied. 'You can soon learn it. To be frank, I would like to have you on account of your complexion. You know we sell all sorts of goods for the complexion and articles for beautifying, and your face would do more to make sales than all of the arguments and representations that could be made.'

"Well, the result was that I got a fine place, with easy work, at $15 a week. My hours are short, and I simply play the agreeable while selling goods at an immense profit. I wouldn't let any of the concoctions touch my face for anything, but the customers appear to be impressed by my complexion, and the proprietor is satisfied. So am I."—New York Herald.

POULTRY POINTERS.

A close, unventilated house is emphatically a foul house.

Ground or crushed bone is a good form in which to give lime.

The nests should be arranged so that the fowls can walk in on them.

Bran is a better feed for fowls than corn because it contains more nitrogen.

An excellent feed for young chicks is cracked or coarsely ground wheat for the first week.

A cock that fights and picks his mates every time they are fed is not a good breeder, and few of his hens' eggs will ever hatch.

Cane or sorghum seed can be fed to fowls to good advantage. It stimulates egg production and in many ways is good to use for variety.

For a good breeder select a rooster with plump, full breast, broad across the back, wide between the legs and that crows often, loud and long.

It is a good plan to mate up the fowls early, for occasionally one of the hens will want to sit during the winter, and it will be best to have the eggs ready.

Pig For Marriage Fee.

"A Lutheran minister in a western Maryland town told me an amusing story the other day," said a gentleman to a reporter. "Some time ago as this minister was walking along a street of the town an old German advanced toward him with extended hand. The minister shook hands, but remarked that he could not recall his name. 'Oh, yes,' said the old German, 'you remember me! I am the man who gave you a pig when you married me.'

"The minister smiled as he recalled the incident, and as he was about to ask about the wife the old German said: 'Now I tell you what I'll do. When you married me, I gave you a pig, so I'll give you two pigs if you now unmarry me.'"—Baltimore Sun.

Looking Out For Papa.

A sweet little maid of four years was distressed the other evening because her father did not come home to dinner on time. Her grownup sister said to her:

"Papa is naughty, and when he comes we won't give him any tea."

When he did come, the sister sent the teapot out to the kitchen for fresh tea. The baby looked on with a troubled face and stole softly to her own room. Shortly she returned with something squeezed up in her tiny fist. Going up to her sister, she whispered:

"Annie, I'll give you all my pennies if you'll give papa his tea."

And, opening her hand, she displayed all her carefully hoarded pennies.—New York Times.

Politicians.

Phil Brick—What's the difference between an honest and a dishonest politician?

Phil Ossifer—One is in politics for the good he can do his fellow citizens, while the other is in politics for any amount he can do his fellow citizens.—Ohio State Journal.

High Toned.

"This," the salesman said, handing out another package, "is also an excellent substitute for coffee. It is very wholesome. It makes red blood."

"Haven't you something," asked the young woman with the earrings, "that makes blue blood?"—Chicago Tribune.

ALL RUN DOWN

An Every Day Story—No Appetite—No Ambition—Constant Headaches—No Rest—No Sleep—Listless—Languid—All Played out—A Bellefonte Citizen Gives the Cure.

Soloman Garrett of No. 301 Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa., says:—"I had been feeling very much run down and poorly for a long time. My head ached a great deal and I felt tired all over. I was also bothered with sleeplessness at night. I saw Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills so highly recommended I got a box at Krumrine's Drug Store and they did me a great deal of good. I felt first rate after using them and have no hesitation in recommending them to others."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

—The Spring election in Philadelphia on Tuesday cost the city $62,350

—Blair county's present bonded indebtedness is $126,000.

—A Western cattle man says, that all cows lie down on their left side and never on their right unless the left is injured.

—The first theatre in this country to be lighted with gas was a theatre in Philadelphia, which put in the gas pipes in 1816.

—Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. C. M. Parrish.

—At Thursday's session of the State Y. M. C. A. convention at Warren the election of officers occurred. S. W. Little, of Erie, was chosen president.

—Lehigh University has made public its base ball schedule for the coming season. It notes a game with the Pennsylvania State College team for May 14, at South Bethlehem.

MARRIED—At St. John's Reformed parsonage, Tuesday evening Feb. 18th, by the Rev. Ambrose W. Schmidt, Mr. George W. Erhard to Miss Katie Raymond, both residing near Bellefonte Pa.

—A medical man says: "Be careful in your dealings with horseradish. It irritates the stomach far more than spice, and an over dose will bring on an unpleasant sensation for days.

—W. U. Hensel was appointed as the Pennsylvania member of a committee of the American Bar Association to arrange for a world's congress of lawyers and urists at the St Louis Exposition.

—Among the nominations sent to the Senate on Thursday were the following Pennsylvania postmasters: Charles Seger, Emporium; Delazon P. Higgins, Lewisburg; George W. Schoch, Mifflinburg.

—The Republicans of Chester county in convention Wednesday selected their seven delegates to the State Convention and instructed them to support the candidacy of John P. Elkin for Governor.

—Mrs. Corney Bland, of Centre Hall, a former resident of Bellefonte, died at her Centre Hall home Thursday morning of heart failure. A husband and two sons, Frank J. and Wilbur H., survive her.

—Miss Bertha Meyers, a saleslady employed in a large dry goods house at DuBois, was married Tuesday afternoon at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Meyers, near Hannah Furnace, to Mr. Ross Scott, a prominent resident of DuBois.

—The Electric Light, Steam Heat and Power Company of Bellefonte, capitalized at $1,000, was chartered by the State Department at Harrisburg Thursday. Application for charter was made by W. P. Humes, Henry Brockerhoff, John Blanchard, A. O. Furst and Isaac Mitchell.

—Prince Henry of Prussia will hear familiar music when he passes through Altoona on the morning of March 1st, enroute to Chicago. A project is under way to form a huge choir of the best German singers of the city, perhaps 200 voices, which will sing songs of the Fatherland as the Prince and his party passes through.

Railroad Guide.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD.			
College Accom.		Exp.			Mail.	Exp	Bellf Ac	
1†	*5	*3			*2	*4	6†	
a.m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p m	p m	
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte		8 50	2 40	6 4	
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville		8 40	2 25	6 3	
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris		f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27	
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer		f8 35	f2 17	f6 23	
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters		f8 31	f2 10	f6 21	
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore		f8 28	f2 06	f6 18	
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly		f8 24	f2 00	f6 14	
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle		8 20	1 55	6 10	
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn		f8 18	f1 54	f6 07	
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine		f8 07	f1 37	f5 52	
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College		8 00	1 30	5 45	
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble		f7 45	f1 34	f5 25	
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor		f7 40		f5 20	
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills		7 35		5 15	

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 24, 1901.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.15 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 6.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.29 p m, at Altoona 3.19 p m at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.09 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philidelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.29 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.09 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9 15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, arrive at Williamsport 2.48 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.50 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.42, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD
Time table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

NORTHWARD.				SOUTHWARD			
EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M	
6 40	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 20	5 50	
6 50	3 31	8 26	...East Tyrone...	8 49	11 14	5 44	
6 58		8 28	.....Tyrone.....		11 12	5 42	
7 01	3 35	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 39	
7 11	3 46	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 32	
7 15	3 51	8 47	.....Gardner	8 36	10 59	5 29	
7 24	3 59	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant...	8 27	10 51	5 21	
7 30	4 06	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 14	
7 34	4 10	9 09	...Sandy Ridge...	8 14	10 38	5 10	
7 36	4 12	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 07	
7 38	4 14	9 12	.....Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 05	
7 48	4 24	9 21	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 57	
			.....Osceola Junct	7 57	10 20	4 52	
7 54	4 28	9 26	.....Boynton.....	7 53	10 17	4 49	
7 58	4 30	9 31	..... Steiners	7 5	10 13	4 45	
8 02	4 35	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 48	10 12	4 40	
8 06	4 45	9 45	.....Graham	7 42	10 07	4 35	
8 11	4 50	9 50	..... Blue Ball	7 37	10 02	4 30	
8 17	4 46	9 56	.....Wallaceton.....	7 32	9 56	4 24	
8 22	5 02	10 02	.....Higler	7 2	9 50	4 17	
8 28	5 08	10 08	...Woodland.....	7 20	9 43	4 10	
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 17	9 40	4 06	
8 34	5 14	10 15	..... Harreti	7 13	9 36	4 01	
8 38	5 18	10 20	.....Leonard.....	7 09	9 35	3 56	
8 45	5 25	10 26	.....Clearfield	7 05	9 28	3 50	
8 50	5 29	10 32	...Riverview...	6 55	9 21	3 40	
8 56	5 38	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 18	3 34	
9 00	5 55	10 44	..Curwensville..	6 45	9 10	3 30	
	6 01	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 40		3 15	
	6 09	10 58	.....Stronach.....	6 34		3 09	
	6 15	11 04	.....Grampian.....	6 30		3 05	
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M	

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect Nov. 24, 1901.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....	Montandon	9 15	4 50
1 45	6 35	.....	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 57	6 47	.....	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 05	6 55	.....	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 24
2 16	7 07	.....	Millmont	8 33	4 13
2 23	7 13	.....	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	.....	Paddy Mountain..	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	.....	Rising Spring....	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	.....	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	.....	Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 33	8 24	.....	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 33	.....	Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	.....	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....	Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	.....	Axemann.....	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	.....	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after Nov. 24, 1901.

Westward.					Eastward.		
55	53	51			50	52	54
p m	p m	a m			a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...		10 30	2 10	9 15
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....		10 22	2 04	9 09
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...		10 11	1 54	8 58
4 05	12 29	9 15	...Eagleville....		10 08	1 51	8 55
4 14	12 38	9 24	..... Howard		9 59	1 43	8 46
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...		9 53	1 38	8 40
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....		9 49	1 34	8 36
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....		9 41	1 24	8 28
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte.....		9 32		8 16
4 53	1 14	10 01	.....Milesburg.....		9 18	1 24	8 08
4 56	1 22	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...		9 15	1 22	8 05
5 03	1 28	10 11	...Unionville.....		9 07	1 15	7 57
5 12	1 36	10 20	.....Julian		8 58	1 08	7 48
5 21	1 41	10 25	.....Martha.....		8 49	1 01	7 39
5 28	1 50	10 35	..Port Matilda...		8 42	12 55	7 32
5 35	1 56	10 41	.....Hannah.....		8 35	12 49	7 25
5 37	1 58	10 43	.....Fowler.....		8 33	12 47	7 23
5 40	2 00	10 48	..... Dix		8 30	12 45	7 20
5 46	2 06	10 51	...Bald Eagle...		8 24	12 39	7 14
5 50	2 10	11 55	.....Vail		8 20	12 35	7 10
5 54	2 14	11 59	...East Tyrone...		8 16	12 31	7 06
6 00	2 20	11 05	.....Tyrone.....		8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m			a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.
Nos. 50 and 51 Sundays on week day schedules.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect Nov. 24, 1901.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe	Leave	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection		4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg		5 05
9 53	5 42	Leave Bellefonte	Arrive	5 20

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			June 17, 1901.		READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*6 40	*2 40	Bellefonte		9 15	9 40	5 10
7 22	6 52	2 52	Nigh		9 02	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 58	2 58	Zion		8 56	9 21	4 51
7 33	7 03	3 03	Hecla Park		8 51	9 16	4 46
7 35	7 05	3 05	Dunkles		8 49	9 14	4 44
7 39	7 09	3 09	Hublersburg		8 45	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 13	3 13	Snydertown		8 41	9 06	4 36
7 46	7 16	3 16	Nittany		8 38	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 19	3 18	Huston		8 35	9 00	4 30
*7 51	7 22	3 21	Lamar		8 32	8 57	4 27
7 53	7 25	3 23	Clintondale		8 29	8 54	4 24
*7 57	7 29	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		8 25	8 49	4 19
8 02	7 34	3 32	Mackeyville		8 19	8 43	4 13
8 08	7 40	3 38	Cedar Springs		8 12	8 37	4 07
8 10	7 42	3 40	Salona		8 10	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 47	3 45	Mill Hall		*8 05	*8 30	*4 00
			(NEW YORK CENT Jersey Shore			7 55	3 28
11 45	8 38		Arr	Lve		7 25	*2 50
12 20	9 10		Lve	Arr		*7 05	2 30
12 34	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY) PHILA			12 01	*2 36
2 18			NEW YORK (Via Phila)			9 25	*4 50
10 40	7 00						
	2p 30						
p.m			Ar.	Lv.		p.m.	a.m

*Daily. † Week Days. ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 01 p. m.

J. W GEHRART,
General Superintendent

Brazilian Balm Cures Asthma, Catarrh. 50¢ — $1.00

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A New Fuel Found.

A California lady, who formerly resided in Elmira, is said to have made a discovery whereby common earth mixed with chemicals will burn like wood. Ninety-five per cent of the combination is common dirt. It makes a hot fire white light and no ashes. She is cooking and warming her house with dirt from the back yard. If this statement is true, and it vouched for by the Oakland California Tribune, it will solve the fuel problem of the future.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The Circus Ring.

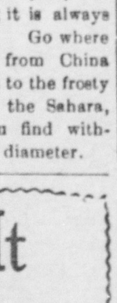
In various ways the circus of the present day differs from that of the past, but the ring remains unchanged; it is always 42 feet 9 inches in diameter; Go where you will, search the world from China to Peru, with diverging trips to the frosty Caucasus and the desert of the Sahara, and never a circus will you find without a ring 42 feet 9 inches in diameter.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's
ELECTRIC
Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for



One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure

Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts, $3, $5, and $10. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.75, $2.50, and $3. Electric Fish Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Insoles, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $5.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 342 Broadway, N. Y.

Private Homes Wanted to Take Boarders During Conference.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

Will you kindly say that I am constantly appealed to from out-of-town people to secure places for them to board during conference. I am confident that all our hotels will be full to overflowing and that unless a number of private houses will open for boarders it will not be possible to accommodate the large crowd that will desire to be in our town at that time. I will be glad to receive a postal card from homes in our town who will take boarders, if they will give the number and name of street and state their terms and the number they could accommodate. Conference will commence March 26 and continue about one week. This information is desired at once.

Yours fraternally,
WILFORD P. SHRINER.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best and most famous compound in the world to conquer aches and kill pains. Cures cuts, heals burns and bruises, subdues inflammation, masters piles. Millions of boxes sold yearly. Works wonders in boils, ulcers, felons, skin eruptions. It cures or no pay. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

Library Without a Single Book.

McKeesport, Pa., has a bookless library. Three years ago Andrew Carnegie gave $50,000 to McKeesport for a library. It is almost finished, but all the money is exhausted.

Carnegie refuses to donate more and the board of directors are at a loss what to do. The library was to have opened last fall. An appeal was made to the public to subscribe money but the public enthusiasm with regard to the library is at a low ebb.

The city is pledged to give $3,000 annually for maintenance only, and that amount cannot be used to buy books or finish the building.

Too Old to Marry.

Mr. John F. Kellar, aged 80, and Mrs. Sarah Canfield aged 63, were to have been married at Pana, Ill., a few days ago; but when they appeared before the minister they decided they were too old to wed. Mr. Kellar made the bride elect a present of $1,000 in cash, and they parted the best of friends. Mr. Kellar is one of the wealthiest residents of his township. Mrs. Canfield is a widow, a very estimable woman. They have been much attached to each other, but they consider they will be better friends if they remain single.

Hemlock Will be Higher.

Hemlock lumber will be much higher the coming summer than ever before and it will be hard to get, according information received from absolutely reliable sources. Wholesalers are receiving orders now and have all they can do to fill them. If this demand keeps up, which is quite certain, owing to the prosperous times, it is likely that hemlock will go to $16 a thousand at the mill.

—The sick list this week in Milesburg is quite large. Mrs. Dr. Huff is confined to the house with an attack of grip. Mrs. Charles Peters is dangerously sick with pleurisy. Mrs. Rev. Carson has been on the sick list for a few days. Harry Austin is laid up with an injured knee. Mr. Poorman has been dangerously sick for a few days. Charles Heverly has been seriously ill for some time. Charles Adams is also on the sick list.

SPAIN'S LATEST TROUBLE

Martial Law to be Proclaimed Throughout the Kingdom.

FIERCE FIGHTING AT BARCELONA

In an Engagement Between the Troops and Rioters 500 are Reported to Have Been Killed or Wounded Yesterday.

SHOPS AND HOUSES BEING LOOTED

MADRID, February 21.—Premier Sagasta is preparing a decree establishing martial law throughout Spain. The signature of the decree, it is believed, will be followed by an extreme national crisis.

It was persistently said when the chamber of deputies closed Thursday evening that the minister of war, General Weyler, had a long conference with the queen regent Wednesday, followed by a conference with the military authorities Thursday. Afterwards, it is asserted arms and ball cartridges were served out to the troops in Madrid, who are in readiness to start at a moment's notice.

FIERCE FIGHTING REPORTED.

LONDON, February 21.—A message to the Exchange Telegraph company from Barcelona, vis Perdignan, France, says a fierce battle has been fought between the troops and the rioters in the suburb of Barcelona known as Sano. Before the engagement the cavalry and infantry had been posted in the most dangerous points and a field battery has been posted on the plaze, from which vantage point the guns could sweep the surrounding streets. When the final clash with the troops occurred, continues the dispatch, the artillery was brought into action and raked street after street. The rioters engaged the batteries at close range, but were finally driven off. It is reported that 500 persons were killed and wounded on both sides. The entire neighborhood was wrecked by the shells. The ruins caught fire and this completed the destruction.

Owing to the strict censorship over news from Barcelona, it is difficult to ascertain the real state of affairs there. It is quite certain, however, that all the efforts of the authorities to persuade the labor leaders into a conciliatory attitude have so far failed, and the extension of the strike movement is more likely than its restriction.

In addition to the labor movement, the ever present Catalan home rule agitation is likely to prove a serious factor in the situation. One hopeful sign is the fact that almost alone among the ministers and the governing authorities, General Weyler is in sympathy with the Catalunian demands, and is inclined to study their grievances. He has held military commands in Catalunia, speaks the Italian language, and thoroughly understands that situation.

The government declines to publish figures of the casualties in the riots of Tuesday. It is inferred from private information received here that forty persons were killed and 200 wounded during the encounters of those days, and that 500 arrests have been made. All persons who were slightly wounded, were concealed by their friends in order to avoid prosecution.

Women took a prominent share in the riots, and were more violent than the men. Among the incidents related of the disorders at Barcelona is the case of a policeman who fell a victim to his resemblance to an inspector named Tiesels, who is much hated by the anarchists. The policeman mistaken for the inspector was assassinated.

Further fighting is reported at Mataro, fifteen miles from Barcelona, where a quantity of arms have been discovered. Fighting is also reported at Tortosa and Tarragona, respectively 100 and fifty miles southwest of Barcelona.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been unable to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

—The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are considering the prohibition of buildings over a certain height in the residence sections. The claim is made that they interfere with the circulation of air and shut off light.

Millions Put to Work.

The wonderful activity of the new century is shown by an enormous demand for the world's best workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. For constipation, sick headache, biliousness, or any trouble of stomach, liver or kidneys they're unrivaled. Only 25c at Green's Pharmacy

A WOMAN'S PRAYER.

It is notable that in the despondency caused by womanly diseases, there seems to many a suffering woman no way of escape from pain except at the price of life itself. It would be sad to record such a story of struggle and suffering except for the fact that in such dire distress many a woman has found a way back to health and happiness by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This great remedy for womanly ills has well been called "A godsend to weak and sick women." It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"Your medicine almost raised me from the dead," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Egypt, Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "My urine was like brick dust, and I had pain all over me and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I found a little book. I read it and wrote to Dr. Pierce, and in a few days received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no backache, no headache, no pain at all. I used always to have headaches previously to the monthly period and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and was completely cured."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing just as good.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser—sent *free* on receipt of stamps to cover expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers; or 31 stamps for the cloth bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Camp Fire" of the 148th.

The public meeting held in the Court House Wednesday evening by the members of the 148th regiment, P. V was a most delightful occasion. The commodious court-room was filled to overflowing with a thoroughly appreciative audience whose respectfull attention and frequent out burst of applause testified to the superior excellence of the program of entertainment.

General James A Beaver was chairman of the meeting and his duties were discharged in his usual happy and attractive style. The music furnished by a large choir of the town's best vocal talent, under the efficient direction of Prof. Philip Meyer, consisted of several appropriate selections, songs of the old war days. After the meeting was called to order by the chairman and the choir had inspired the audience by a ringing song. Burgess Blanchard was introduced and in a short but admirable address extended the welcome of the municipality to the members of the gallant 148th. Dr. Holloway of the Lutheran church most acceptable filled the part assigned to Judge Love, who was unexpectedly called from home on important business, in welcoming the regiment on the part of their comrades of Centre county. Responses to these welcoming addresses were made by Hon. I. W. Myton of Huntingdon and Hon. Robert A Cassidy, of Canton, Ohio., and the reception accorded their remarks evidenced the satisfaction and pleasure of their auditors. Major General John B. Brooke, of the United States Army, who for a time commanded the brigade of which the 148th, regiment was a part received a royal reception when he responded to his introduction by General Beaver His remarks were naturally of a reminiscent character and his allusions to the service of the 148th during the war were enthusiastically received. General Brooks is a pleasing talker as well as a distinguished soldier, and his presence in Bellefonte at this time is a compliment and honor fully appreciated by his old comrades and our citizens.

General St. Clair A. Mulholland, of Philadelphia, another distinguished reunion visitor, and a one time brigade commander of the 148th, was perhaps the chief speaker of the evening. He captivated the audience at once with his keen wit and inimitable anecdotal accomplishment. His stories of the old war times were full of humor and pathos and provoked unrestrained laughter and sympathetic emotions as the incident demanded. General Mulholland is a delightful entertainer and his remarks contributed no little to the enjoyment of the evening. After his address the meeting closed with "America" by the choir and assemblage. The "camp fire", of the 148th, was a pleasurable event and will long be remembered by those whose good fortune it was to be present.

A Legacy of the Grip.

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of stomach, liver and kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system, and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by Green's Pharmacy.

—M. M. McNeill, Esq. a prominent member of the Blair county bar, died at his home in Altoona on Wednesday.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M Parrish.

HURLED TO DEATH.

One Man Killed and Two Seriously Injured in a Boiler Explosion

BANKS OPPOSE TAXATION

Revenue Commissioner Yerkes Says They Should Pay on Undivided Profits—Glass Workers May Go out Unless Demands Are Granted.

BIG STRIKE IS RUMORED

BROOKVILLE, Pa., Feb, 22.—A terrible accident occurred at the mill of Eli Snyder, two miles northwest of here, about 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. A boiler used to furnish motive power for the mill exploded, instantly killing Everett Procious, a young man 27 years of age, and so seriously injuring Robert Thompson and Sidney Snyder, that their recovery is doubtful.

The boiler was a small one and was located near Snyder's blacksmith shop. A number of persons, in addition to those injured, were in the vicinity and narrowly escaped injury from flying debris. The boiler house and blacksmith shop were entirely demolished by the force of the explosion, which was heard miles away.

Young Procious was terribly mangled and his body thrown a distance of 75 yards from the scene. Thompson was struck in the stomach by flying scrap iron, and, although fearfully wounded, managed to drag himself to his home, some distance away, leaving a trail of blood in the snow. Snyder was thrown some distance, and it is feared was injured internally. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

BANKS OPPOSE TAX.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Legal proceedings to test the ruling of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yerkes that all banks were liable to a tax on undivided profits as well as capital and surplus will be instituted at once. A committee representing the clearing house associations of St. Louis, Chicago, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston had a conference with Commissioner Yerkes, at which an agreement was reached not to enforce the tax pending a judicial construction of the statute, the banks in the meantime to make a return on the amount of their undivided profits under the statute, leaving the payment of the tax in abeyance pending the decision of the courts.

It was decided to have some bank pay the tax under protest and bring suit to recover the same in order to obtain a judicial construction which would apply to the banks of the country as a whole. As the question involved all the banks of the country the American Bankers association decided to assume the responsibility and expense of this litigation, and the Leather Manufacturers National bank of this city, in whose name the suit will be brought, paid the tax under protest.

BIG STRIKE RUMORED

Reports from Philadelphia say that a strike of the window glass workers of New Jersey is about to be inaugurated. Such a strike would cut off the contribution of about 200 of the pots of the country, and would materially curtail the certain overproduction. Besides, it would give the rival interests opportunity to place the idle workmen in either factories of the American Window Glass Company or the Independent Glass Company.

An incipient strike in the Charleroi district is brought forward as a factor in the window glass conflict, and it is said that this strike will spread and cut off the most important factor of the importing trade.

After the National Window Glass Jobbers' association had placed its last 500,000-box order with the American Window Glass Company and the Federation Co-Operative Window Glass Company the Independent Glass Company announced lower prices. President James A Chambers of the American Window Glass Company promptly advised all the jobbers that they could withdraw their specifications on the 500,000 box order and buy the cheaper Independent company glass.

The object was to load the Independent Company with orders for its cheaper glass and remove it as much as possible from the market. However, it is understood on excellent authority that the jobbers have specified for 425,000 boxes of the joint 500,000-box order.

President John L. Denney of the new organization of glass workers, who returned from a conference with the New Jersey owners yesterday, said that strike reports were premature. He expects the owners to meet the wage advance requested, but even if it is refused he says that it cannot be assumed his men will go into American window glass factories.

Bad Heart—Could Not Lie Down for Eighteen Months.

"I was unable to lie down in my bed for eighteen months owing to smothering spells caused by heart disease. One bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed the trouble and today I am as well as ever I was."—L. W. Law, Toronto Junction.—62

Sold by F. P. Green.

—Sleighs are again pressed into service on our streets. Last night's snow did the business.

Stop the Blight

It is a sad thing to see fine fruit trees spoiled by the blight. You can always tell them from the rest. They never do well afterwards but stay small and sickly.

It is worse to see a blight strike children. Good health is the natural right of children. But some of them don't get their rights. While the rest grow big and strong one stays small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion can stop that blight. There is no reason why such a child should stay small. Scott's Emulsion is a medicine with lots of strength in it—the kind of strength that makes things grow.

Scott's Emulsion makes children grow, makes them eat, makes them sleep, makes them play. Give the weak child a chance. Scott's Emulsion will make it catch up with the rest.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE,
409 Pearl St., New York.
50c and $1. all druggists.

New Germ Disease.

State Veterinary Pearson has discovered a new germ disease in his recent investigations into the diseases of swine which has been mistaken for hog cholera, and which, he says, is very fatal and almost impossible to cure. The discovery is regarded as a very important one, as the methods which have been used to suppress hog cholera are not effective to prevent this new disease, which is accompanied by fever, loss of appetite, great weakness and coughing. Dr. Pearson says the best method for suppressing the disease, so far used, consists in isolating the disease from the healthy swine, disinfecting the pens and feeding antiseptics. He has undertaken to prepare an antitoxin for hog cholera, and if he is successful his work will be of great benefit to Pennsylvania hog raisers, as the disease is one that has caused tremendous losses in this state.

Saved Him From Torture.

There is no more agonizing trouble than piles. The constant itching and burning make life intolerable. No position is comfortable. The torture is unceasing. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles at once. For skin diseases, cuts, burns, bruises, all kinds of wounds it is unequalled. J. S. Gerald, St. Paul, Ark., says: "From 1865 I suffered with the protruding, bleeding piles and could find nothing to help me until I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me." Beware of counterfeits. C. M. Parrish.

—The Vatican, at Rome, is not a single building, but an accumulation of buildings, stretching over an area of thirteen and a half acres. They were begun about the year 300 and have grown gradually.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—This is good weather for cutting ice—in your gutter.

—Residents along the Susquehanna and Juniata rivers are appressive of a flood.

—Marion Wilson and the Marshall Sisters in the Court House Friday evening.

—A pension of $12 a month has been granted to Leonard Messimer, of Penn Hall.

—Frank Graham has succeeded W. K. Wagner as clerk at the Brockerhoff House.

—The fellow who trusts to luck will soon discover that he can't get any other kind of trust.

—Saturday was pay day for the American Lime & Stone Company in this section of their operations.

—Liveryman George Beezer had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse by death on Tuesday evening.

—When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

—Scarlet fever has again invaded and quarantined the home of William Bathurst, corner Lamb and Ridge Sf.

—Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

—W. J. Andrews, 18 years old fell from a crane at the Cambria works, Johnstown Monday and broke his neck.

—Mrs. Ward's Sunday School class, of the M. E. Church, will hold a chicken and waffle supper on Wednesday, March 5th.

—No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it, though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

—W. I. Harter, of Eagleville, was re-elected justice of the peace of Liberty township Tuesday of last week for his third term.

—Charles Heeman, Osceola Mills, and Charles Smith, Pine Grove Mills, have been granted pensions of $12 and $10 a month respective

—P. M. Christie of Lock Haven, measured the ice on the Susquehanna river at that place on Monday and found it to be 27 1-2 inches thick.

—Boyd Dyke, a four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Dyke, died at his parents' home in Beaver's Row Wednesday after a week's illness with quinsy.

—John Woomer, who has for several years acceptably filled a clerical position with McCalmont & Co., has entered the employ of the Potter-Hoy Hardware company.

—James Miller, one of the porters at the Bush House went to Tyrone Saturday afternoon to meet friend of his from Hagerstown Md., who will locate in Bellefonte.

—On Monday, March 3rd, the constables elected at the recent election will be sworn into office and on Tuesday, March 4, petitions for license will be heard by Judge Love.

—Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—Prof. C. D. Fehr, of State College, has made application for a passport into Germany, a country to which he expects to go about March 29th to continue his studies in language.

—Spring Mills is to have a new Lutheran church. That was decided by the congregation some time ago, and as soon as the weather permits work will be commenced on the structure.

—Jonathan H. Burley, one of Tyrone's most prominent and highly respected citizen died at his home in that place on Monday evening aged 79 years. Death was due to heart trouble and dropsy.

—Rev. Bruce Hughes, a former Philipsburger and a member of the Central Pennsylvania conference, is the author of a new book called "Nuggets of Gold' which is winning warm testimonials.

—Saturday evening last Geo. W. Hipple, of Lock Haven, went to his office and was surprised to find a stranger there, evidently intent on robbery. The man left, nor tarried on the order of his going.

—Mr. Charles Eckenroth, celebrated his 65th birthday on Saturday, and in the evening 35 of his most intimate friends gathered at his home on Howard street, and tendered him their wishes of a long and happy life.

—February is fulfilling the gloomy predictions of the weather prophets, and it will long be remembered as a month of disasters. To the terrible weather have been added the horrors of fire, earthquakes and railroad disasters. The last of its days will be welcomed by all.

—Snyder Tate, of Coleville, who, by the way, markets the best ice sold in Bellefonte, was elected for a fifth consecutive term as overseer of the poor for Spring township last Tuesday. There is no question about Snyder's popularity and his efficiency as a public servant:

Meeting of the Bellefonte Ministerial Association.

The Bellefonte Ministerial Association met Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the parlor of the Y. M. C. A. building, with the following members present: Revs. Dr. Holloway and Dr. Shriner, Revs. George I. Brown, W. H. Brown, A. M. Schmidt and T. J. Askew. Rev. Dr. Holloway presided.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting a brief general discussion of special charity cases was held.

The paper of the afternoon was read by the Rev. George I. Brown who took as his subject "Some Thoughts About the Future." The paper was an able one and was very kindly received and discussed by the members of the Association.

After some routine business the Association adjourned to meet next Monday afternoon, March 3rd, at 2 o'clock. The benediction was given by the Rev. W. H. Brown.

SECRETARY.

Death of Harvey Meese.

Harvey Meese a very highly respected citizen of Lauvertown, Spring Twp., this county died on Sunday evening at 5 o'clock. Mr. Meese came home on Christmas and was feeling sick at the time. His case was pronounced typhoid fever, but was getting well when he took a heavy cold which developed into pneumonia and caused his death.

Mr. Meese was 57 years of age and leaves a wife and six children namely: Edward, Alice, Della, Katherine, Bertha, Margaret and Helen. He was a consistant member of the Methodist church at Pleasant Gap. The funeral services were held in the Lutheran church at Shiloe on Wednesday morning at 9:30, and were conducted by Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, assisted by Rev. White of Pleasant Gap and Rev. Lesher of Boalsburg. Interment at Shiloe.

Entertained a Sleighing Party.

Wednesday evening four sled loads of young people gathered at the hospitable home of Daniel Long, in Nittany valley and were royally entertained by the Misses Carrie and Verda Long who know how to entertain. The party consisted of Lamar, Clintondale, Fishing Creek, Nittany and Hublersburg young folks; all present enjoyed themselves very much, especially at twelve o'clock, midnight, when supper was announced which consisted of oysters and all the delicacies of the season. It was said by all to have been one of the best parties of the season. There were about 75 present.

The Seneca Indians.

The visit of the four Seneca Indian singers in Bellefonte from the Cornplanter Reservation, Pa., was an event of very rare occurrence. They were greatly delighted during their sojourn here over the Sabbath, singing their sweet Seneca anthems in the Presbyterian and Methodist churches; at the meeting of the W. C. T. U., in Sunday School and elsewhere in a more private way.

Mr. Crittenden was evidently much encouraged by the generous offerings he received in aid of his worthy object as well as by the christian friendliness shown to him and his Seneca singers on every hand.

First Game Ever Played In Bellefonte.

With lots of hard work and training, under the excellent management, of Frank H. Gamel and Chas. Newcomer, Company B, will be in fine trim to play their first game of Basket Ball on Saturday evening, in the armory at 8 o'clock. The Academy team who will buck up against the Soldier boys are also in good trim and so the game promises to be a most interesting one. A large crowd should greet the boys and encourage them in this game which is one of the cleanliest of atheletic sports.

Had a Narrow Escape.

William Resides had a very narrow escape Monday morning. While on the Bald Eagle Valley road, near the paper mill, he was knocked down by an engine and shoved along in the snow until his leg became badly twisted under the pilot of the locomotive. Fortunately the engine was stopped in time, when Mr. Resides was pulled out from under the pilot and the snow. It was thought that his leg was crushed and broken in several places. This fear proved to be groundless, as the man escaped with a few bruises and a sprain.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Struck By a Train At Milesburg.

Benjamin Houdeshell an old soldier while walking along on the railroad between the Bald Eagle bridge and Milesburg station was struck by the west bound train that left Bellefonte Saturday afternoon at 1:05 and very badly hurt. His home is near Roland this county, and he has two daughters living in Bellefonte.

Thanks For Their Kindness.

During the long sickness and in the death of Mrs. Glenn, the friends and neighbors were very kind, and in return the relatives wish to express their heart felt thanks for the same.

C. A. GLENN.

Superintendent Westfall Dead.

Ezra B. Westfall, Supt., of the Eastern Div. P & E. R. R. and Susquehanna Div. of Northern Central R. R. died at his home in Williamsport Wednesday at 1:20. Mr. Westfall had been ill for several month.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb:

D. W. Clark et ux to Alexander Heverly, July 1, 1901. 1-2 acre in Liberty twp. Consideration $740.45

H. B. Miller et ux to M B. Duck, Feb 25, 1902. 1 acre and 6 perches in Gregg twp., Consideration $800

Jno. J. Orndorf to Clayton E. Boob, Sept 19, 1901. 1 acre and 2 perches in Haines twp. Consideration $45.00

Catherine Orndorf to Clayton E, Boob, Sept 19, 1901. House and Lot in Haines twp. Consideration $580.00

Adam J. Gotshall et ux to William Whitmer Sons & Company, July 1, 1901 4 tracts of Land in Penn twp. Consideration $4693.75

William Snyder et ux to W. J. Harter, Feb 1, 1902. 100 acres in Haines twp. Consideration $75.00

Andrew Robertsons Admr. to Rose Haworth, Feb 15 1902. Lot No. 37 in North Philipsburg. Consideration $170.

George W. Haworth to O. L. Schoonover, Feb 20, 1902. House and Lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $400.

Geo. Cartwright et ux to Alfred Thompson and Chas H. Watson Dec. 24, 1901 3 45-100 acres of land in Snow Shoe. Consideration $125.00

Martha J. Fuil et baron, et al to Alfred Witherite Jan 18, 1902. 19 acres and 80 rds in Boggs twp. Consideration $1.00

Joseph H. Long et ux to G. D. Grosner, Dec 30, 1901, 40 acres and 66 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $800.00

Z. S. Welch et ux to Estella B. Barrett, Feb 7. 1901 9000 sq ft. in Howard Boro. Consideration $125.00

Samuel Wasson's heirs to E. R. Williams. Feb 4, 1902, 147 Acres in Patton twp. Consideration $2880

Orlando Weston et ux to Elmer E. Burns, Jan 31, 1902 145 acres and 12 1-2 perches in Taylor twp. Consideration $290.00

Annie V. Jones to Henry Bryant, Jan 13, 1902, 1 Lot in South Philipsburg Consideration $350.00

William F. Biddle to Ebenezer R. Williams Feb, 18 1902, 147 acres in Patton twp. Consideration $1.00

Marriage Licenses.

Jared D. Mayes	Lemont
Sophronia A. Segner	Boalsburg
Elmer Jones	Waddle
Maud Wolf	State College
John H. Reifsnyder	Millheim
Mary M. Woodling	Rebersburg
Samuel E. Trigg	Sandy Ridge
Annie Reese	Powelton
John Cowher	Hannah
Lottie Reese	Port Matilda
Harry Grubb	Milesburg
Susan McClellan	Milesburg
Clair G. Stem	Linden Hall
Elsie Horner	Colyer

Brother of Rev. James P. Hughes Dies in Louisiana.

Rev. Daniel L. Hughes, D. D. a brother of Rev. James P. Hughes of Bellefonte, died last Friday at Lake Charles, Louisiana. Dr. Hughes was born in Cape May. N. J., January 8 1820. He was a graduate from Washington and Jefferson college and the Princeton Theological Seminary. In 1843 he entered the Presbyterian ministry and continued in active service until seven years ago. Dr. Hughes resided at Cape May.

Death of Grant Ardery.

Mr. Grant Ardery, formerly a resident of Bellefonte, died Wednesday at his home in Jersey Shore of typhoid fever.

The deceased was born at Martha 37 years ago. He is survived by a wife and one child, his mother and the following brothers and sisters: E. E. Ardery, of Bellefonte; R. D. Ardery, of Martha; Mrs. Eva Apple, of Punxsutawney; Mrs Lizzie Reed, of Clearfield, and Mrs. Alice Johnstonbaugh, of Martha.

The remains will be taken to Martha for interment and the funeral will occur on Friday morning. Rev. E. S. Latshaw, of the Methodist church, will officiate.

Pennsy's New Chicago Station.

A new union station, which, with adequate facilities, will cost $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, is proposed for Chicago by the Pennsylvania management. The plans contemplate a magnificent building and terminals, which will rival, if not excel, any in the United States.

To carry out the project the company will buy several blocks of property west of the present depot, with a view to using it for terminal purposes.

Boy's Narrow Escape.

Matthew Snyder, a boy of 11 years, had a narrow escape from being killed by the west bound Buffalo flyer near Jersey Shore station Saturday forenoon. The boy saw the train approaching and at tempted to cross the track. The snow being deep he was unable to get out of the way of the train and the snow plow in front of the engine pushed him out of the way. He escaped without injury.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Feb. 25th, 1902:

Barney, Boozer & Dentz, Mrs. Mary DeWett, Richard Mills, Sol Fernbemmer, Jas. Miller, Mrs. Lizzie Lotz, Chas. Rexford, S. A. Miller. Clara Stambaugh.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Thomas Harter and wife, spent Sunday in Aaronsburg.

Chester Moore spent Sunday at his home in Howard.

M. C. Gephart spent Sunday with his family at Millheim.

D. L. Sanders of Renovo, was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fay of Altoona, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

R. C. Daley, of Romola, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Miss Edith Brown, of Hagerstown, Md, is visiting in Bellefonte.

George Sechrist of Millheim was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

William P. Humes returned home Wednesday from Philadelphia.

Mr. Woods Bathgate, of Altoona, spent a few hours in Bellefonte Saturday.

W. E. Gray Esq., was a passenger on the train going west, Monday morning.

Mrs. A. O. Furst returned Saturday from a visit to her old home at Milton.

Supt. J. W. Gephart returned Saturday from a business trip to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Calloway left Saturday afternoon for an extended visit in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Goodhart, of Centre Hill, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

D. K. Musser Bellefonte's popular dentist spent Sunday at his old home in Aaronsburg.

J. W. Kepler, of Ferguson township spent a couple of days of last week in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Charley Tripple left Sunday for a weeks visit with friends at Williamsport and Sunbury.

Mr. Thomas Brew, of Hazelton, is a guest of his sister Mrs. Harry Fenlon at the Bush House.

Hon. John G. Love returned home Friday morning from a business visit to Washington, D. C.

James B. Strohm, postmaster at Centre Hill, spent Wednesday night and Thursday in Bellefonte.

Former County Treasurer John Q. Miles, of Martha, was a Bellefonte visitor for a few days last week.

Charles F. Speaker of Williamsport attended the reunion of the 148th regiment in Bellefonte Thursday.

Arthur Harper spent Sunday in Lock Haven with his sister, Miss Helen, who is a student at the Normal school in that city.

Mrs. Kate M. Carson, of Potters Mills, spent part of last week as the guest of Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson on Howard street.

Mrs. M. H. Wilson left Saturday for Harrisburg where she will spend the next ten days as the guest of Mrs. James Boyd.

Messrs. Charley Lukenbach, of Philipsburg, and Arthur Campbell, of Altoona spent Sunday in Bellefonte with their parents.

Thomas Hutchinson, of Williamsport, spent Friday and Saturday with his mother, Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson, on East Howard St.

C. F. Deinlinger, who holds a lucrative position in Knoxville, near Pittsburg, spent several days of last week with his parents at Centre Hall.

Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder, returned home Saturday from Washington accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Borches, of Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. Daniel H. Hastings and daughter Miss Sara, returned home Friday afternoon from a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ross A. Hickok in Harrisburg.

W. P. Harpster, of Houtzdale, a former Centre countian and one of the 148th Regiment's best soldiers, was a pleasant caller at the REPUBLICAN office Friday morning.

W. C. Huey, of Warren, took the opportunity afforded by the reunion of the 148th regiment, of which he was a member, to visit his sister Mrs. D. F. Fortney of East Bishop street.

Samuel Loper one of the obliging clerks, in Montgomery & Company's clothing store, left Sunday for a two weeks, visit with friends in Philadelphia, Cape May and New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fryberger, of Philipsburg, were Sunday visitors in Bellefonte at the home of Mr. Fryberger's venerable grandmother, Mrs. John Brachbill, of South Spring street.

William Bartley arrived home Saturday evening after a visit of a few days pleasantly spent with friends at Mill Hall. Mr. Bartley is slowly improving from a badly injured hand, which accident occurred a few days ago.

Rev. E. M. Stevens, of Huntingdon, Presiding Elder of the Juniata District attended the reunion of the 148th P. V., in Bellefonte last Thursday. Rev. Stevens father was chaplain of this regiment during the civil war. He was a guest of Col. Geo. A. Bayard.

Mr. and Mrs. C. DeLacy Evans, of Baltimore, were among those from a distance who attended the funeral Thursday of Miss Marion Milliken. Mrs. Evans, formerly Miss Clara Milliken, is a niece of the late Miss Milliken. Mr. and Mrs. Evans were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. Murray Andrews while in Bellefonte.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—most practical and valuable of cook books—free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Dr. M. A. Kirk, spent Sunday in Clearfield.

Hon. A. O. Furst spent Tuesday afternoon in Tyrone.

A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, spent Wednesday in town.

Mrs. Nora Sheldon, of Torresdale, is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Henry Bryant, of South Philipsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday.

Dr. Huston, of Huston, transacted business in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Hon. John K. Thompson, of Philipsburg, transacted business in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Former Sheriff John P. Condo, of Millheim was greeting friends in Bellefonte Tuesday.

County Superintendent of Schools, C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, was in town Tuesday.

John C. Rowe, one of Philipsburg's leading citizens, spent Tuesday in Bellefonte.

Ex-Senator S. P. Wolverton, of Sunbury, was a prominent visitor in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Miss Marguerite Potter, of East Linn street, is visiting Mrs. Robert H. Fay, at her home in Altoona.

Mr. A. W. Reese, of Port Matilda, Mercantile Appraiser, is transacting business in Bellefonte this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Martin, of Pittsburg, are visiting Mrs. Martin's mother, Mrs. Gingher, on Water street.

Mrs. Arthur Valentine and little son, of Crafton, are guests at the home of Miss Natt, on West Curtin street.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Thompson, of Beech Creek, were guests Tuesday of Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Scott of East Curtin street.

J. P. Aiken who holds a responsible position with the United Telephone & Telegraph Co., with headquarters at Sunbury was a business visitor in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Mrs. N. J. Strickland, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. I. Gardner, returned Wednesday to Milroy to resume her winter's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Lester Shefler, of that place.

Messrs. Frank H. Gamel, James R. Hughes, Louis Daggett, Donald Potter, Philp Weaver and Lee Walker returned home Monday evening from Warren, Pa., where they have been attending the State convention of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Dan H. Harter, brother of our esteemed townsman Thos. H. Harter, left on Tuesday for his home at Rittman, Ohio. He took with him Paul Kramer and Charles Kessler, of Aaronsburg, who will assist Mr. Harter with his work on the farm.

Mr. W. R. Maize, of Chicago, was in Bellefonte, a few hours Wednesday. He was on his way home to spend a few weeks with his parents at Aaronsburg. Mr. Maize is a telegraph operator by trade and has been in the Western city for the last ten years.

Miss Nannie Schofield returned home Wednesday afternoon from a visit in Philadelphia.

Postmaster C. W. Scott, of Williamsport spent a few hours in Bellefonte on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon and little daughter returned Wednesday afternoon to their Pennsylvania Furnace home after a pleasant visit of several weeks at the Mitchell home on North Thomas street.

—Bishop William B. Derrick, of New York, who is over the 300 African Methodist churches in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and the New England states, will deliver the sermon at the three hundred and fifty-third anniversary of the Huguenot church in Canterbury, England, in July.

—At the impromtu reception which followed Prince Henry's visit to the House of Representatives in Washington on Monday, Congressman W. H. Graham, of Pennsylvania, was the first to grasp the royal hand. The venerable Galusha A. Grow was paid special attention by the Prince who was informed that Mr. Grow had been speaker of the House forty years ago.

—An accidental discharge of a revolver in the hands of John Briner, aged 26 years, who resides at Dungarvin, or Dry Hollow, on the line of the Tyrone and Lewisburg railroad, inflicted a serious wound in his breast. The mishap occured Monday afternoon.

—The music loving people of Bellefonte will be pleased to know that Mrs. Bonbright is making arrangements to present an organ and piano recital in the Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening April 3rd, 1902. In addition to our home talent, she will have with her to assist on that occasion, some others from Philadelphia. An exceptionally fine program is assured.

Public Sale.

Saturday, March 15, Jacob Frantz will sell 2 Jersey Cows, 2 horses, 1 two-horse wagon, 1 pair hay ladders, 1 drill, 1 Thomas hay rake, 1 Champion mower, 1 Cultivator, 1 fanning mill, plows, harrows, Chains and other articles to numerous to mention at Port Matilda. Sale at 10 a. m.

—Brother Paschal, who died recently, was the oldest inmate of the Franciscan monastery of St. Bonaventure at Paterson, N. J. He was 84 years old. During the 27 years that Brother Pascal had spent in the monastery he was known to speak but three times.

—Secretary Hitchcock, of the Interior Department, has authorized an emphatic denial of the rumor that he contemplates resigning from the cabinet.

—Postage stamps and small boys learning the alphabet are alike. Both get stuck on letters.

—The Brotherhood societies of Sunbury are about to start a co-operative store.